The Appleton Crescent.

"The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of its Laws."

BY RYAN, BRO. & CO.

CITY OF APPLETON, WIS., SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1861.

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The Appleton Crescent

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Ryan, Bro. & Co.

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TERMS.

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all kinds of produce taken in payment, at the regular market prices. RYAN, BRO. & Co.

Business Directory.

CHARLES AIKEN,
City Attorney.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Residence, Appleton, Outagamie County, Wis.

GEORGE H. MYERS,
Attorney at law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office on College Avenue, over the Post Office, Appleton, Wis-con-in. 9-1

FREDERICK PACKARD,
Attorney at Law, and General Land Agent, has a complete and reliable **Abstract of Title** of all the lands in Outagamie County. Taxes paid and collections made. At Register of Deed's Office, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

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[Successor to Smith & Ballard.]
Attorneys at Law, Bank Building, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

JOHN JEWETT, JR.,
District Attorney for the County of Outagamie. Office in Bank building, College Avenue 9-1

GEORGE PAYZANT,
Wholesale and retail dealer in dry goods, millinery goods, fancy goods, hats, caps, boots and shoes, ready made clothing, oil cloth, carpetting, groceries and provisions, Corner College Avenue and Oneida street, Appleton, Wis. 9-1

PAY & HUMPHREY,
Dealers in clothing, hats and caps, gents' furnishing goods, boots, shoes and rubber goods. People's Exchange, Masonic Block, College Avenue, cor. of Oneida street, Appleton, Wiscon in 9-1

W. M. RUSSELL,
Wholesale and retail dealer in stoves, tin, copper, Sheetiron, brass, planished and brittania ware.—Also, a general assortment of Japanned ware constantly on hand College Avenue, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

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Keepers of the Appleton Livery Stable, on Morrison street, directly north of the Crescent Hotel. —Horses and vehicles of all kinds to let, constantly on hand at all hours. Our omnibuses will run to the cars and boats regular, during the season of navigation, to accommodate travelers. A generous patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-1

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Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Outagamie County. Office in the County Building. Business attended to promptly. 9-1

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Sheriff of Outagamie County. Office at the County Building. Residence in the First Ward. Outside business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. 9-1

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Pork and Flour Barrel Manufacturers, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

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MORRIS R. BARTEAU, *Agent.*
Spokes, hubs, sawed felloes, bent felloes, gearing buggy bows, seat arms, seat spindles, poles, shafts, and wagon and carriage mate ial generally, of the best quality and finish always on hand. 9-1

O. W. CLARK,
Manufacturer of Hand Rakes, Ox Bows, Fork, Hoe and Broom Handles. All other turned work promptly attended to. Address O. W. Clark, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1

P. J. WILLIAMSON,
Architect. Office corner College Avenue and Durkee Street. Plans and specifications for all kinds of Buildings furnished at short notice and on the most liberal terms. 9-1

JOSEPH WASHINGTON,
Having permanently located himself in the city, is now prepared to accommodate all who may wish his services. Ladies are invited to call whenever they want hair cutting or dressing done in the most approved style. Five doors west of Crescent Hotel, Appleton. 9-1

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HARNESS MAKER, APPLETON, WISCONSIN.
All work entrusted to his care executed promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Repairing done on short notice. Thankful for past favors a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited, feeling confident of being able to give entire satisfaction. Shop on College Avenue, nearly opposite the Improvement Offices. 9-1

CRESCENT HOTEL,
HENRY WHITE, PROPRIETOR.
This Hotel is located on the Corner of Avenue and Morrison Street, directly in the business part of the town; it is in the immediate neighborhood of Lyon & Turner's Livery Stable, connected daily with the cars and boats. The table will be supplied continually with the best market affords. No pains will be spared to make the traveller feel at home. 9-1

EDGARTON HOTEL,
H. P. EDGARTON, PROPRIETOR,
Is located on College Avenue, in the immediate vicinity of the College. The table is supplied with the very best the market affords; customers are treated with kindness and made to feel at home. Appleton, Wis. 9-1

CHILTON HOUSE,
ASEPH GREEN, PROPRIETOR,
Located in Chilton, the County Seat of Calumet, has been fitted up in good style for the accommodation of travellers. Call and satisfy yourselves. 9-1

W. L. MALONE,
Watch-Maker and Jeweler. Repairing done in the most substantial manner. All orders filled with promptness and dispatch. One door east of Durkee's, College Avenue, Appleton, Wis. 9-1y

JOHN VAN RYZINGER,
Draper and Tailor. Cutting, fitting and making, in the cheapest, best and most fashionable manner. All orders filled with neatness and dispatch. One door east of Jackson's, Saddlery, College Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-1y

IMPORTANT!
Call at A. C. DARLING'S, on College Avenue, No. 1 west, and see how low he sells flour, oat, meal, feed, and all kinds of country produce. Pork, hams, butter, cheese, ezgs, apples—green and dried—oranges, lemons, coffee, tea, sugar, molasses, &c. 9-1y

C. KETCHUM,
Founder and Machinist, Appleton, Wisconsin—Head of Grand Chute Island. All kinds of Castings, and Wrought Iron, for Mills, Engines, Factories, manufactures on short notice and in a style to please and give satisfaction. Also manufacturer of Cast Iron and Steel Plows, Cultivators and Kettles, and Babbitt Metal constantly on hand. 9-1y

Business Directory.

RYAN, BRO. & CO.,
Book, Job and Fancy Printers, and Publisher of the Crescent, Appleton, Wis-con-in. All orders filled promptly, at reasonable rates 9-1

G. R. SHAW, M. D.,
Practicing Physician and Surgeon. Office at the City Drug Store, next door to Bank Building. Homœopathic remedies and treat, to be had at his residence, corner of Oneida and Lawrence Sts. Appleton, May 29, 1861. 9-6y

JAMES BRADBINS,
Draper and Tailor, one door east of Mrs. Dickerson's Millinery, College Avenue, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, on short notice, and in the latest style. Resident agent for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, specimen of which can be seen at my shop. 9-1y

D. D. GRIFFIS,
City Baker, has just completed his new bakery establishment, on Oneida street, and is prepared to furnish the publlic with Bread, Pies, Cakes, Crackers, &c. Fancy pastry done to order on short notice. Also taking order for parties and dinners at reasonable rates. The best Confectionery. 9-6y

Shaw & Foster,
Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Oils, Paints, Glass, Confectionery, Cigars, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Perfumery, Hair Oils, Toilet Soaps, Cologne, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Trusses, Syringes, Sponges, Brushes of all kinds and Quicksilver. Also—ALL OF THE MOST IMPROVED PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY.
TERMS VERY CHEAP FOR CASH AND CASH ONLY. 9-1

THIS WAY
All who wish the very best quality of ICE CREAM, can be supplied at my Saloon on College Avenue. 9-1
NORMAN ANDERSON.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY BANK,
Neenah, Wisconsin
A. H. CRONKHITE, President
C. C. TOWNSEND, Cashier.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY BANK.
APPLETON, WISCONSIN
A. H. CRONKHITE, President,
H. S. MARSH, Cashier. v9n1

MARQUETTE COUNTY BANK,
OF A. H. CRONKHITE & CO.
Berlin, Wisconsin
CHARLES CRONKHITE, President
D. H. WHITCOMB, Cashier

E. L. R. Cuthbert,
TEACHER OF MUSIC,
Third Ward, Appleton.
PIANOS, MELODEONS, &c., REPAIRED on favorable terms. The best of references given 9-3m

1861. 1861.
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.
The above business will be continued the present season by the undersigned, at the old stand of Sedam & Co. Having all the contracts entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.
J. S. LAPE.
Appleton, May 14, 1861. 9-1

NEW GOODS.
I wish to inform the public that I have received, and am now receiving a full and well assorted stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Fancy Cassimeres, French Doeskins, Silk and Wool Jeans, Satin Vestings, Broadcloths, Silk, Woollen and Velvet Vest Patterns, &c., which I now offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Garments cut and made in the most fashionable style.
D. MAR.

Appleton City Mills.
F. & C. PFENNIG,
ARE prepared to do all kinds of Gristing and Custom Work on the most reasonable terms. They have the best
FLOURING MILLS
at Appleton, and always pay the highest market price for Wheat.
Farmers
Are invited to visit these Mills, and satisfaction will be given. [v3n] 9-3
Appleton, September 1859.

Appleton Sash Factory.
SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, PICKETS,
&c., &c.,
Constantly on hand and made to order on short call
PLANING
With the best of machinery done at all times.
Produce and Cash and City Orders taken in pay.
EGGLESTON, ROBINSON, & Co.
Appleton, 1860. v8n1

EXCELSIOR!
Lawrence Mills,
APPLETON, ... WISCONSIN
The proprietors are are happy to announce to the world generally, and the people of Outagamie in particular, that their new
STONE MILL,
situate near the Second Ward Bridge, convenient of access, is now in running order, ready to accommodate the FARMERS OF OUTAGAMIE CO
Our mill has been pronounced by competent judges to be superior to any other in this section of the country. Give us a call and we'll endeavor to give you satisfaction
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT.
JOHNSTON, MORY & CO.
Appleton, April 27th, 1861. 9-3y

BOUND TO PLEASE!
PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE WAR TIMES
FRANK BERNARD
Is still prepared, as ever, to furnish his old and new customers with any article of Cabinet Ware, called for, on terms to give ample satisfaction to all. His workmen are the very best and no work is turned out unless completely finished.
Bureaus,
Secretaries,
Side-Boards,
Wash Stands,
Tables,
Chairs,
Sofas, &c., &c.,
always on hand. Orders promptly executed, on short notice.
Repairing done on short notice.
Call and see for yourselves. 9-1.

NEW GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED BY P. WHITE!!
PRINTS,
DELAINES,
LAWNS,
CHAMBRAYS,
GINGHAMS,
SHEETINGS
Appleton, April 6th 1861

LAWS OF WISCONSIN.

Published April 20, 1861.

CHAPTER 284.

AN ACT to amend Section 11, of Chapter 99, of the Revised Statutes, entitled "of administration and distribution of estates of interests,"

Section 1. Section 11, of Chapter 99, of the Revised Statutes, is hereby amended by adding to the end thereof the words "*Provided*, that no executor or administrator shall resign without the consent and approval of the county judge endorsed upon such resignation."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1861.

CHAPTER 279.

AN ACT to amend chapter 81 of the laws of 1861, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of Camp-meetings and other religious assemblies."

Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 81 of the laws 1861, entitled "an act to provide for the protection of Camp-meetings and other religious assemblies," is hereby amended by adding after the words "intoxicating drinks," where it first occurs in section 1 the words, "or any other article of traffic."

Sect. 2. Amend section 4 of said act by adding after the word "commit," where it occurs in said section, the words "such person."

Sect. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from an l after its passage.

Approved, April 15, 1861.

Published April 24, 1861.

CHAPTER 280.

AN ACT to provide for levying a State Tax for the year 1861.

Section 1. There shall be levied and collected for the year 1861, a state tax of two hundred thousand dollars for the estimated expenses of 1862, to be apportioned among the several counties of this state as equalized by law, and the property of this state, real and personal, and collected by the treasurer as provided by law.

Sect. 2. The Secretary of State shall apportion said tax among the several counties of the State as provided by chapter 356 of the General Laws of 1859, on or before the second Monday of October next, and certify

Published April 24, 1861.

CHAPTER 275.

AN ACT to amend chapter 151 of acts of a general nature of 1858, entitled "an act to authorize the inhabitants upon government lands to form themselves into bodies corporate to carry out the provisions of Congress approved May 23d, 1841."

Section 1. Section four, of chapter one hundred and fifty-one, of acts of a general nature of 1858, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following words: "The said trustees shall audit all demands against such town site for expenses incurred in the entry thereof, or for services rendered in behalf of said town site upon request of said trustees, and shall report the amount of such demands so allowed by them to the town wherein said town site is situated, and said town clerk shall thereupon levy the amount so reported as a special tax upon the lots in said town site according to their assessed value, which tax shall be collected with, and as other taxes, and the amount so collected shall be paid by the treasurer to the person in whose favor the amount was allowed by the trustees: *Provided*, That in case of an appeal from the allowance by said trustees, they shall not report to such town clerk until such appeal is determined. Any person may appeal to the circuit court in like manner as is provided for appeals from county boards of supervisors, from the action of the trustees upon such demands.

Published April 24, 1861.

CHAPTER 286.

AN ACT to amend Chapter 19, of the Revised Statutes, entitled "Of Highways and [illegible]"

Section 1. Whenever the damages consequent upon the laying out or altering of any highway as finally settled upon pursuant to the provisions of the chapter to which this act is amendatory, and all lawful charges against a town for the services of a jury, in the assessment of damages, or for the fees of any justice or constable, provided for in said chapter, or for the services of any commissioners, appointed in the manner provided for in said chapter, shall be laid before the town board to be audited, and if the said board shall neglect or refuse to audit the same, any person aggrieved by such neglect or refusal, may commence and prosecute an action in the proper county before any court having jurisdiction of the said town, and the sum claimed against said town for all sums to which such person shall be entitled for or on account of such damages or fees.

Sect. 2. The proviso to section sixty-six of the chapter to which this act is amendatory, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or contravening any of the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

Sect. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved, April 15, 1861.

Published April 20, 1861.

CHAPTER 271.

AN ACT to prevent county treasurers from converting to their own use fees belonging by law to printers.

Section 1. No county treasurer for the purpose of converting to his own use or benefit any part of the fees allowed by law for printing delinquent tax lists, shall contract with any printer or publisher of a newspaper for such printing at a less amount than the legal rates now fixed by law.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1861.

Published April 20, 1861.

CHAPTER 241.

AN ACT to amend Sec. 55 of chapter 137 Rev. Stat. entitled "of evidence."

Section fifty-five of chapter 137 of the Revised Statutes entitled "of evidence" is hereby amended by adding the words "or court commissioner" after the words "or county judge" in the fourth line of said section and also the words "or commissioner" wherever the word "judge" occurs in said section after the fourth line thereof

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved April 13, 1861.

Published April 20, 1861.

CHAPTER 280.

AN ACT to amend chapter 148 of the General Laws of 1858, entitled "An Act to exempt sixty days, earnings to mechanics and laborers."

Section 2. Section one of chapter 148 of the General Laws of 1858, is hereby amended by striking out the word "persons" in the first line, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Married persons who have to provide for the entire support of a family in the State of Wisconsin."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force on and after its passage and publication. Approved April 15, 1861.

Published April 20, 1861.

CHAPTER 277.

AN ACT to amend chapter 138 of the general laws of 1861, entitled "an act to amend chapter 18 of the R. S., and chap. 22 of the Gen. Laws of 1859, entitled "an act relating to the sale of lands for unpaid taxes and the conveyance and redemption thereof."

Section. 1. Section 2 of chapter 138 of the general laws of 1861 is hereby amended by inserting the words "sales and" after the word "all" in the fourth line of said section, and also by striking out the word "that" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this" in the last line of said section.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect, and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved, April 15, 1861.

Published April 19, 1861.

CHAPTER 243.

AN ACT in relation to negotiable paper maturing upon Sunday, or a legal holiday.

Section 1. Whenever the fourth day of July, the twenty-fifth day of December, the first day of January, and the twenty second day of February, shall fall upon Sunday, the following Monday shall be a legal holiday; and all notes drafts, bills of exchange or other paper maturing on said Sundays and Mondays, shall be due and payable on the secular day next preceding or other paper maturing on Sunday, or upon any legal holiday, shall be due and payable upon the next preceding secular day.

Sec. 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1861.

Published April 19, 1861.

CHAPTER 278.

AN ACT to amend Chapter 115 of the General Laws of 1859, entitled "an act to prohibit the selling of intoxicating drinks on Sundays, and certain other days therein mentioned.

Section 1. Chapter 115 of the General Laws of 1859, is hereby amended by striking out the words "and at the place" from the fourth line of section one of said act also by striking out all of the first section after the words "no offending" and insert in lieu thereof the following words: "shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction be punished by fine not less than five nor more than twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 2. Justices of the Peace shall have jurisdiction to hear, try and determine all offences arising under this Chapter.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved April 15, 1861.

Published April 19, 1861.

CHAPTER 273.

AN ACT to permit persons entitled to pay for improvement on land, to bring suit for the value of the same in the county where the land lies.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in the Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. In all cases where a recovery of land and tenements shall be had in the District Court of the United States for the District of Wisconsin, and the defendant in such action or those under whom he claims, shall be entitled to pay for improvements on such land, or a lien thereon for the value of such improvements by any law of this State such persons so entitled to pay for improvements, or a lien may bring an action in the county where the land lies, against the party so recovering, for the value of such improvements, and shall be entitled to a judgment for such value.

Sec. 2. Such judgments shall be a lien on said land in whosoever hands the same may be, and it may be sold to satisfy said judgment as in other cases: *Provided*, said action shall be commenced within one year after the recovery by judgment of the land in the said District Court, or in one year after the passage of this act, where the judgment has been rendered prior to its passage: and *Provided further*, that said judgment may be enforced against the plaintiff in the District Court, as other judgments against the person.

Sec. 3. The party commencing such action may have service by publication as in other cases of non-residence.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved April 13, 1861.

[Published February 15, 1861.]

CHAPTER 24.

AN ACT to repeal section 2 of chapter 197, of the General Laws of 1859, entitled "an act in relation to evidence and limitations in certain cases,"

Sec. 1. Section two, of chapter one hundred and ninety-seven, of the General Laws of 1859, entitled "An act in relation to evidence and limitations in certain cases," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved, Feb. 14, 1861

Cuban Correspondence.

"Spring"—Semana Santa—Palm Sunday—Doings of the Holy week—Church processions, &c., with all the stupidity and foolishness thereto pertaining—The Virgin Mary dancing a jig—Grand non-reception of Prince Alfred of England, with what might have taken place had his grandmother not "up and died"—Plaza de Armas and what about it—Columbus' Column—Effects of the U. S. War as felt in Cuba—The new Consul hauls his hands full—American vessels under British colors.

HAVANA, CUBA, May 16, 1861.

Mes Amis:—The spring is far advanced, and all the difference that can be noticed between it and winter is that the temperature is a trifle higher now than then. The change of seasons was almost imperceptible, save that vegetation gradually put on a brighter green, and that grass became more abundant. A Cuban winter is lovely, beautiful, agreeable, delightful and all that; but when you come to spring you must use an entirely different set of adjectives, for the above are by far too tame. For "beautiful" you must substitute gorgeous, and for the others whatever will express a vast deal more of excellence—but I leave the task of substitution to you, for I do not like to attempt it. There may be a seeming contradiction in the above, for I said in the start that the only difference between winter and spring was a higher degree of temperature in the latter than in the former. But there *is* a difference when I compare the present with my memory of last winter, but the difference is inexpressible. Actual residence within the tropics alone can acquaint you with the glory and splendor of the verdure with which the torrid zone. The summer according to all accounts is nothing to boast of, as the climate then is rather unhealthy, particularly in the vicinity of Havana, and besides it rains almost continually. Toward the last of this month the rainy season will commence, and even now we are getting a touch of it. But leaving the future to take care of itself, I will try and bring up the arrears, as I have not written for some time. If I make patch work of my letter you must not blame me for I cannot speak at length on every thing, and have quite a number of matters to notice.

Here, as in all catholic countries many feast or holidays. In my last I think I told you the doings of carnival week in February. I now attempt to tell you of *Semana Santa* or Holy week which commenced with March 24th, and ended with the 31st. The 24th was Sunday and what is known in English as Palm Sunday—"*de Ramos*" the Spaniards call it. I entered one of the churches, and after Mass, leaves of the Palm tree which had been blessed were distributed by Priests at the altar among the crowd—and *such* a crowd! Tell me; were you ever on a circus ground in a country village where a thousand people had gathered together from far and near to see the show, and just a little before the hour of performance have you seen that same thousand swarming about one solitary cart used as a ticket office, and the whole mass jamming, struggling, pushing, crowding, screaming, shouting, hooting, all trying to buy a ticket at the same identical moment? You have seen some clambering to the top of the cart, some climbing upon the wheels, every way and any way so as to be first served with a ticket. If you have seen this you have a very good idea of the confusion which I saw in the church on Palm Sunday. Five or six priests at the altar were actively engaged in bringing out palm leaves and distributing them among the crowd, and such scrambling, jostling, laughter and quarrelling you never saw inside a church I will venture to say. Whites and blacks were all mixed indiscriminately in the swaying tumultuous throng. Two or three would seize a bundle of palms at the same time, and then there would be a tussle, a tugging and a pulling, each one desiring the palms for himself. The strongest after a sharp contest generally took the whole, while at other times the other parties would succeed in obtaining a leaf or two. In such a scene a protestant would be apt to forget that it was Sabbath, and surely would forget that he was in a *christian* church. For a week after I saw strips of palm leaf strung about the necks of negroes. This was the performance in one church on the day mentioned. I cannot speak for the rest as I attended no other.

During the Holy week no public amusements were allowed. Theatres, operas and everything of that sort were closed. No loading or unloading of ships was permitted—the wharfs were clear, swept and quiet. All public business was suspended. On Friday and Saturday the 29th and 30th not a carriage or vehicle of any kind was allowed in all the city of Havana. This was truly a novel scene. The streets were crowded with pedestrians, and the Cuban ladies who seldom or never are seen on foot in the streets at other times, now thronged the highway. During the last three or four evenings of the week all the churches were brilliantly illuminated with thousands of candles. Life size images of the savior, (miserably executed) were placed in different parts of each church—some of them representing Christ bearing the cross—crucified and in various positions descriptive of His life, sufferings and death. A plate rested at the feet of each image inviting the faithful to deposit a little money. Hundreds of the devout among negroes and poorer classes would kneel and kiss the toe of an image and deposite a small coin on retiring. Painters are fond of representing the Savior of a light complexion, with light auburn hair and beard, but these people make a Spaniard of Him, giving him a swarthy complexion with hair and beard as black as jet.

I do not remember the day of the week I went to the Cathedral to hear high mass; but I know it was a big occasion—that the Bishop of Havana and 50 or 60 priests performed—that the Captain General and Lady were present, Counts, Countesses, and high dignitaries of various classes. I know also that I got very tired after having stood up three mortal hours to see the show, and distinctly remember having been thoroughly disgusted at all I saw. But I shall not attempt to give you a description of all the stupid, foolish, ridiculous, idolitrous, blasphemeous ceremonies which took place; for of what interest would it be to you to know how many times a couple of waiting priests lifted off the bishop's tall cap and put it on, or how often his robe was changed, or how often another half dozen priests raised and lowered his long, scarlet, travelling coat tail! I wondered seriously if men of education could really believe in such foolishness, and when I saw the high personages winking slyly at another at some of the absurdities enacted, felt convinced that they had but little real respect for such foolery but that their high position obliged them to put on a seeming credulity. A procession in the Cathedral wound up the cerimonies. The Captain General had a military escort to and from the Cathedral.

On the 29th was a grand procession of the Church, commemorating the burial of Christ. I have said before that on that and the succeeding day there were no horses or carriages in all the streets of Havana within the walls, but that the city semi-occidentals or ole peacstrians were negroes, and the procession was largely made up of them But to the procession. First came a couple of priests clearing the way, then another bearing the Sacrament. Then others in single file bearing a banner, nails, a cross, spears, a sponge, a shovel and such like utensils. The tools were all constructed after the most approved American patterns, and a most lively catholic faith would be required to believe in their antiquity! Then came a troop of negro pall bearers dressed in long black gowns, covered as to their heads with black caps with weepers pendant therefrom and reaching nearly to their feet. They were anything but serious—laughing and jesting with one another in a very lively manner as they passed along. Then followed a curious concern—how in the world shall I describe it! It was an elevated platform supported upon the heads of negroes, overspread with a gaudy canopy. Upon this was an image of the dead body of Christ. The bier if I may so call it was about 20 feet in light richly ornamented with tinsel and tapestry. The negroes underneath who sustained the burden were about thirty-two in number and of equal hight. As they were closely confined as in a box, and a heavy curtain shut them in on all sides, nothing could be seen of them but their bare black feet paddling along over the paving stones.

The sight was ludicrous in the extreme. I could not help but be reminded (although the likeness was not very striking) of the great wooden horse Virgil tells about, in the interior of which an army of soldiers were concealed. After this passed a long line of soldiers and then came a second machine "like unto" the first upon which stood Mary looking rather sad and disconsolate, with her head inclined to one side. She was dressed in a robe of black velvet bespangled with silver stars, and had a little the appearance of a queen in a pout. I noticed that she held a beautiful little handkerchief bordered with *lace*, and how could I be so bold as to doubt but that it was the very same one that the virgin used on a similar occasion eighteen hundred years ago? Behind Mary stood (what was intended to represent) the spirit of her son. The spirit however looked quite as material as the mother. It was clothed in a purple velvet robe bordered with gold. A golden halo encircling the head. Its hands were stretched out as if ready to *grab* Mary by the shoulder and give her a joyful surprise, who was supposed not to know of his presence. (It would be wicked for me to talk in this way if I were not speaking exclusively of earthen images). The platform was supported upon the heads of negroes as the others, and as they stepped in time to the music the images above wabbled and and tipped about much as if they were dancing a jig. A dense column of soldiers brought up the rear. A few of the high city officers were in the procession carrying candles and flags, though but very few of the white citizens excepting the priests and soldiery were in the line. Several bands of music were placed at intervals along the same. One played a mournful sort of an air, while the others played marches quite as lively as Yankee Doodle.

On Sunday morning, the 31st, there was another great time. One procession bearing the image of Christ and another the image of Mary moved about in different parts of the city, and at last came together in front of the cathedral where the mother and son had a joyful meeting. This was the day of the resurrection, and the people manifested their joy by firing crackers, pistols, and guns all over the city for the space of an hour or two. This was the end of the *Semana Santa*.

Prince Alfred of England did not pay us a visit as was expected. Great preparations were made for him, but in consequence of the death of his grandmother, the duchess of Kent, he sailed for England, postponing his call here to another occasion. It had been proposed to receive him in grand style, as though he were a Spanish prince. He was at the neighboring of Jamaica, I believe when he heard of the demise of his illustrious relative.

Did I tell you that the Captain General's infant daughter received at its baptism the following names? viz: Maria de la Concepcion, Micaela, Buenaventura, Josefa, Severa, Leonarda. Long enough?—don't you think so! The baptism party in going to and returning from the cathedral were saluted by 4 military bands belonging to the volunteer regiments. After the ceremony a large concourse of invited guests repaired to the palace and congratulated the noble mother, for it is a Spanish custom for the mother always to remain at home and receive her child after it has been christened. "It is the first time in many years, that the Gem of the Antilles has ever welcomed into life an offspring of any of the Captain Generals who have been appointed to govern the Island"—so says the Cuban Messenger.

There are two palaces for the Captain General. One is situated within the walls and very near the bay and the other is in front of the one within the walls. It is a large building, of stone, but there is nothing very attractive as to its outward appearance although it is said to be of magnificent finish within. In front of the palace and just across a narrow street is a small square called the *Plaza de Armas*. In the centre of this stands a fine marble statue of Charles the — of Spain. Stately palms grow within the enclosure and trees of various kinds border it. Four plots are regularly laid out, encircled by iron fences and adorned with fountains, and within these little plots grow tropical plants of every description, and flowers of every description, and flowers of every hue and every degree of beauty and magnificence bloom perpetually. The plaza is excellently paved with broad smooth stones, and here congregate a multitude of people every evening between the hours of 8 and 9 to hear the music which is discoursed by the best of brass bands, nightly, the year round, when the weather permits. This is the favorite resort of foreigners, and Americans may be generally found there in promenade. The Capt. General's palace is on the west side of the plaza, on the north side is the palace of the general superintendent of the Royal Lottery, the west side is lined with business houses of various classes and on the south side and near the water stands a column and a small marble building in memory of and on the site where the first railroad was celebrated in Cuba by Colombus and his fellowers. The column is perhaps 30 feet or more in hight and supports a bronze statue of Columbus. The building mentioned has the appearances of a small Grecian temple, as it is built after that style of architecture, and within are large paintings representing scenes of the history of the discovery of America. The whole is upon a piece of ground considerably above the level of the street and enclosed by a lofty iron fence. A solitary tree, and some shrubbery grew within the enclosure, but as it is open only once a year to the public, I have never entered and consequently cannot speak particularly of it. At some future time I may be able to do so.

Concerning the war in the U. S. of course you know more than I can tell you. The effects of our national troubles have been disastrous here. Hundreds have failed and business of every kind is suffering terribly. As the Southern ports are now blockaded, all communication with that quarter of the country has been entirely cut off; and as the general government has chartered most of the steamers which were accustomed to make regular trips between this port and New York, we are confined almost exclusively to a solitary British steamer—the Karnak—for news from and communication with the North. In view of this want a Spanish steamer is about being placed on the line, and there is a talk of having two others rigged up for that purpose. The U. S. Consul General, Capt. R. W. Shufeldt, recently took charge of the Consulate here under the new Administration. He refuses to give clearances for New Orleans or any other

port in the seceded States. The Steamer Gen. Miramon was seized a few weeks since in New Orleans by order of the Jeff. Davis' government. A mock sale of the steamer was afterwards made to a British subject, and under that pretext, got clear of New Orleans, and entered this under the British flag. Several American ships have come here under the British flag recently, fearing privateers of the Southern Confederacy.

Several secession flags have been displayed in the harbor; but a few days since the Consul gave notice that he should not give his protection to any vessel hoisting the Southern flag upon any part of it, and [illegible] have been compelled to pull down said flag which had been displayed as private signals. Mr. S. has his hands full now. The other day the captain of some vessel applied to him for a clearance for New Orleans, and he (the Consul) would not grant it. The next morning the ship was gone and no one knew when it got out of the harbor, or how it passed the battery without having been seen and fired into. The Spanish law is that no vessel shall enter or depart from the harbor between sunset and sunrise, and it is the wonder of many how the vessel mentioned got out. If I could be permitted to offer my private opinion I should say that it *did not* depart without the knowledge and permission of the S. Government. On the 16th two American steamers said to have passed into the hands of British subjects, their captains applied to the British Consul for clearances for N. O. and obtained them. The Amer. Consul remonstrated with the Brit. Con. for this and would not submit to it unless he could be shown *bona fide* bills of sale. These could not be produced. He gave notice that they could leave the harbor, but that he should send a war steamer to take them. They left and a steamer of war was sent immediately in pursuit. Whether they have been taken or not has not yet been learned. If, however, they escape it is not likely that they will be able to pass up the Mississippi to New Orleans.

A good deal of satisfaction is expressed by Americans of all parties, in the island, at the recent firm stand the Administration has taken against the Southern rebels. Even some southerners are rejoicing in hope that we shall yet again have a strong and united country which shall be honored and respected throughout the world.

* * * * *

Attention Light Infantry!

Capt. Pletschke kindly hands us the following letter for publication. The Company can see the immediate necessity of holding themselves in readiness to attend to the call of the Adj't Gen'l:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Madison, June 4th, 1861.

CAPT. ERNEST F. PLETSCHKE.

[illegible] Corps, of May 31st 1861, is [illegible] there is no doubt but you will be called upon within ten days. You will therefore keep your Company full ready to be mustered into service, as we shall not be able to give much time after the call.

Very respectfully,
WM. L. UTLEY,
Adj't Gen'l.

"Shanghai Chandler," the humorist of the "Adams County Independent," now Corporal Chandler in the Second Regiment, W. M.—do you know, or have you not heard of him? We met him the other day in Camp Randall, Madison, drilling a Squad: we met embraced, and paraded. Finally, we asked Shanghai how he liked camp fare. "Oh, first rate. The coffee is good, the bread excellent, and the beef *bully!*" The last we heard of Shanghai, he was locked up in the guard house for playing Zouave with the Zouave left out!

The Madison Argus has changed hands—John Y. Smith taking the place of E. A. Calkins. The Argus is ably edited by John Y. and H. K. Smith. We could not well get along without this journal.

Publication of the Marquette Eagle has been suspended, and the office is to be moved to Sparta, Monroe County, where the same editors will issue the Sparta Eagle.

Our table is well filled with good exchanges, but we miss the Madison Daily Patriot. Come, gentlemen, book us for your Daily; we want it, must have it, shall have it if we have to pay the subscription price.

Captain Ryan of the Appleton Crescent has raised a company, and volunteered for the war. He was in the Mexican campaign.—*Kewaunee Enter.*

Our Editor is known as "Major Ryan" instead of "Captain," and was not in the Mexican campaign.

FORT MONROE, 4th., via. Baltimore 5th.—This morning, the Harriet Lane exchanged about 10 shots with the Big Point battery, nearly opposite New Port, James River. She received two shots and had 5 men wounded severely; she was about three-fourths of a mile from the battery, having 7 embrasures, which disclosed heavy pieces.

Three of the Harriet Lane's shells burst immediately over them.

The night before last 5 companies went nearly to the half way house between Hampton and Cooktown.

NEW YORK, June 6.

The Chamber of Commerce has resolved to present a suitable medal to each and all of Maj. Anderson's and Lieut. Slemmer's command at Fort Sumter and Pickens.

The City of Washington brought more Whitworth rifled cannon for the Government, from loyal citizens of Europe.

The rebel chiefs show their confidence in their cause by sending their wives and children North. The Lynn Bay State (Miss.) states that Mrs. Jefferson Davis, with her children, are stopping with Mr. Leverett Davis, of North Staugus, a cousin of the "redoubtable president," and that Mrs. Beauregard, wife of the commander of the confederate forces, is stopping in Bonner Short's, in Dye House village, Lynn.

Appleton Crescent.

CITY OF APPLETON.

Saturday, - - - - - - - - June 8, 1861.

Stephen A. Douglas

Died at Chicago, June 3d, A. D. 1861.

Let the Nation Mourn.

To-day, we clothe our paper in mourning for the death of the ablest, most honest and indefatigable American Statesman of the present generation.

On Monday last, after a long and severe illness, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, the self-sacrificing Patriotic Statesman—the intellectual Giant—of the North-West, put off the mortal and assumed immortality.

At this crisis in the American History, when all eyes were turned toward him as the sole hope for a reunion of the American States, when the Administration chosen by an adverse political organization confidently relied upon his powerful aid to sustain the Government and vindicate constitutional rights and constitutional liberty, this blow falls with ten fold force. We turn our eyes in vain to seek for one to fill his place. Providence alone, which has guarded and preserved us as a people, and smiled upon our efforts to establish the best and freest government on earth, will in due time rear up another. "Vain is the hope of man."

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS was born at Brandon, Rutland Co., Vermont, April 23, 1813, and was therefore but a little over 48 years of age at the time of his death.

At the age of 15, his father being dead long before, he left his mother, went to Middlebury and became an indentured apprentice to a Cabinet Maker, at which trade he worked hard for two years or more. His health gradually failing, his master gave him the balance of his time, together with the highest encomiums for his industry and energy. Thence he returned home, went to an Academy for one year, and then with his mother removed to Canandaigua, N. Y., where he devoted nearly three years to close classical study with distinguished honor to himself. His energy seemed to have no parallel among all his associates.

Before he was 21, he left for the Far West, "to seek his fortune." After visiting the then important towns, (Cleveland, Cincinnati, and Louisville,) without being able to find any employment, he pushed on to St. Louis, where he made the acquaintance of Edward Bates, then a practicing Attorney and now Attorney General of the United States, who advised him to locate in Illinois. This was in 1833.

Mr. DOUGLAS went to Jacksonville; arrived there with thirty seven cents only, obtained a job of clerking for a few days for an auctioneer; then obtained a position as Common School Teacher, and by his tact and talent rapidly pushed his way in.

In 1835, the Legislature elected him State Attorney; in 1836 he was elected a Member of the Legislature: in 1837, President Van Buren appointed him Register of the Land office at Springfield, Ill.: in November of the same year the Democracy forced him to run for Congress in a strong Whig district against John T. Stuart, a Whig of great talent, and he was beaten only five votes. Soon after this election, he determined to devote his whole attention to the practice of law, but suddenly the Legislature elected him to the Supreme Bench of the State, without even consulting his wishes in the premises.

In 1842, the Senatorial contest was between him and Judge Reese, the latter being successful in obtaining the Democratic Caucus nomination by a bare majority.

In 1843, he was elected to the U. S. House of Representatives, and twice re-elected. In 1846, while still a Representative, he was elected to the U. S. Senate, taking his seat March 4, 1847. He was twice re-elected, the last time being the memorable contest with Abraham Lincoln, which drew the attention of the opposition to the latter as a suitable person for the Presidency.

Last year, he was nominated for the Presidency, but owing to the treachery of the Southern Conspirators, the Democratic party was divided, and his defeat ensured.

Judge DOUGLAS has been married twice. The first time in 1847, in North Carolina to Miss Martha D. Martin, (who died at Washington, Jan'y 19, 1853, leaving three children, the youngest of whom, a girl, lived but a few months); the last time in 1856, to Miss Adele Cutts, the most beautiful and accomplished woman in Washington, and daughter of James Madison Cutts, a near relative of James Madison. She was with him throughout his last sickness, and during her married life, it is known that she has been fully as active and efficient in furthering the political interests of her noble husband as any one of his most ardent political admirers.

In conclusion, we quote a paragraph from the Milwaukee Sentinel, an Opposition print which has rendered most efficient service in opposing the doctrines and teachings of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and of the Democratic Party in this State and Nation, and which cannot therefore be accused of any partiality for the Statesman or the Man:

The Sentinel says:—His boyhood presents a vivid picture for the emulation of American Youth, and the history of his manhood is interwoven with that of his country. Whatever may have been his mistakes his depth and honesty of purpose will have covered them all, and his loyalty to the country at its greatest crisis has endeared him to all parties alike. Whatever may have been Mr. DOUGLAS' failings, he was pre-eminently a representative man and a bright example of American Manhood and Statesmanship.

He has gone down—in the zenith of his fame—and a Nation in arms pauses in the din of martial preparation to wipe away the tear and do homage at the Statesman's bier."

The English Government.

When the Sepoy Rebellion broke out in India, America expended all its sympathies for the English. Aside from the atrocities committed by an incensed, outraged and down-trodden people, we had no sympathy for the British Government in that barbarous war. When Russian Civilization sought to supplant the barbarian hordes of Turkey, agreeably to the evident wish of the people of the particular provinces interested in procuring a change, the preponderance of American Sentiment (in which we did not share) was evidently in favor of the British view of the subject.

Now, England through its Government officially announces to the world that she will treat the "United States of America" and the "Confederate States," so called, upon terms of perfect equality; in other words, she will maintain, according to her promises, a strict neutrality!

Can the quintessence of stupidity fail to penetrate the flimsy gauze of hypocrisy with which the British Government clothes its diplomacy? Selfishness, cupidity and an overweening hatred to liberal government, characterizes the conduct of the present British Government. Through her Consuls, she is even now forcing the blockade of Southern ports to obtain Cotton. Vessels known to be the property of citizens of the States, sail under British colors, obtain permits and manifests from British Government Officers, and slip into Southern ports with supplies, loading back again with Cotton.

England professes to entertain a holy horror against the system of American Slavery. She is just as consistent *is* one-half of the Anti Slavery politicians of the North-West, in this that she does not really care a penny for the negro when her interest is affected. Over two hundred thousand of her manufacturers are to-day bordering on the verge of starvation, owing to the scant supply of American Cotton. Now she temporizes and equivocates. Now she affects neutrality, a sure indication that her corrupt and diabolical Ministry are preparing to hug treason, and embrace iniquity.

We say, most emphatically, the day is nigh at hand when the Bastard Government will recognize Jeff. Davis' government or any other buccaneering conglomeration of thiefdom, north or south, which promises to advance her interests.

Are you prepared for that entertainment? If not, get your muskets ready.

"Contraband of War."

Gen. B. F. Butler, an old line Democratic hero from the Bay State, now in command of U. S. Troops in the Maryland and Virginian region, holds runaway slaves from Secession owners as "Contraband of War" and the National Administration sustains him therein.

The Milwaukee Wisconsin remarks:

Under the Dred Scott decision, slaves were declared to be *property*, and therefore Gen. Butler has arrived at a republican conclusion, by acting on acknowledged democratic authority,—hence all parties are pleased. We do not hesitate to say that Gen. Butler has proved himself a great man, by thus uniting the country up on the slavery policy to be pursued toward the revolting States.

"Gen. Butler has arrived at a Republican conclusion," has he? In what manner, pray tell us? The Republican party, so called scoffed at and derided the legitimate and inevitable legal conclusion that slaves are property under the Constitution. The Democratic party—then as now—held to the contrary. Gen. Butler treats slaves, taken as *the property* of belligerent, just as any other sound lawyer would treat them, Contraband of War." And the Administration, by endorsing his conduct, emphatically declare that slaves are properly! All honor to the Administration.

We, congratulate the *Wisconsin* on its Conversion to the sound legal doctrine that slaves are property.

The Lake Superior Road.

Outagamie County is particularly interested in the speedy opening of the proposed road to Lake Superior. We are raising a large surplus of produce and provisions. Each of our farmers could afford to give from one to twenty five dollars to obtain that outlet for their products. Our city, through its manufacturers and business men, is likewise greatly interested in the project. Shall we be represented in the Convention called to devise speedy action in the premises? Will our people, through the constituted authorities, give liberal aid to the opening of the Road for the Fall and Winter Trade?

These are questions for every man to reflect upon, and then to act earnestly and vigorously.

The Military Appointments, in part, occasion great dissatisfaction, because of the utter ignorance of many of the Staff Officers with the first rudiments of Military life and discipline. The Governor has anything but a pleasant position in being obliged to listen to the political lazzaroni who claim to have aided so much in his elevation to the Gubernatorial Chair and who are fierce for a return of favors, regardless of the interests of the Nation and particularly jealous lest Democrats should obtain a position which would enable them to render most efficient service to the Union and the Government in this trying hour of our history.

The Governor would have done better if he had shaken off the vampyres, and counselled wholly with the real military men of the State.

HARRISON REED has retired from the Madison State Journal, and that paper is now conducted by Atwood & Rublee, as formerly. The paper has been much improved, and presents a fine appearance. The Journal is an excellent paper. We want the Daily; what say you, shall we have it?

Road from Appleton to Lake Superior.

Houghton, May 14th, 1861.

At a meeting of citizens held this evening, it was Resolved that the President of this meeting be instructed to appoint a committee of three who shall correspond with all sections of the district interested and the people of Appleton, requesting them them to appoint such number of delegates as the committee may direct to represent them in a Convention to be called at Eagle River, or at some other point deemed practicable to consult and devise means and measures to locate and construct a suitable road to Appleton. R. EDWARDS, Ch'n.

Letter from Lake Superior.

We publish above the proceedings of the meeting held at Houghton, at which a committee were appointed in the interest of this proposed road, and below we give a letter from them to a gentleman here, asking the people of this place to co-operate in this enterprise. In pursuance of this request the citizens of this place met at Adkins' Hall, and after an interchange of views as to the importance of this road to this county and place, and the feasibility of the route, the meeting adopted Resolutions and appointed Committees to further the objects of this enterprise. We publish the proceeding of the meeting in another column.

Houghton, May 20, 1860.

Dear Sir:—The undersigned committee appointed in accordance with the within resolution, adopted at a meeting of the citizens of this place, have designated Houghton, in Houghton County, as the most central and suitable place, and Monday the 17th of June at 2. p. m., for holding the proposed Convention.

That a good road may be opened to Appleton at an early date, we have no doubt if the interests of the district can be united upon a central and suitable route.

This and the best plan and means for opening the road, we hope may be adopted by meeting the people of the several counties interested, in convention at the time proposed.

We have fixed the number of deligates, to represent each county at five, and hope you will consult the people of your place and others of your county, and see that a delegation be selected to represent your interests at that time.

We shall be glad to hear your views, and know as early as possible what the action of your people will be in regard to this movement.

Yours Respectfully,
L. L. SMITH,
ALEXANDER POPE, Jr.,
CHARLES HASCALL.

Road to Lake Superior.

There was a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens interested in the road from Appleton to Lake Superior held at Adkins' Hall on Thursday evening.

On motion, Prof. Mason was called to the chair, and A. L. Smith appointed Secretary.

Prof Mason on taking the chair made some remarks explanatory of the objects of the meeting, and forcibly pointing out the advantages to Appleton in the completion of a road to the Superior country.

[illegible] the Duke of Newcastle [illegible] inviting the citizens of Outagamie Co. to send delegates to the convention at Hough ton, June 17th.

Prof Pletschke on being called out said he had studied the country from the Lake shore to the State line and was very favorably impressed with the feasibility of a road to Portage Lake by the way of Shawano.

The meeting then becoming colloquial a large amount of information was elicited from Messrs. Pletschke, Pomeroy, Tompkins, and Williamson, former residents of the Superior region.

Prof. Pomeroy followed with some statistics in regard to the agricultural and mineral capacity of the country, enlarging upon the traffic which must necessarily grow up by the completion of a road to the Lake, and in closing advocated very forcibly the importance to this community of an overland route to Lake Superior.

Mr. Bingham made some remarks to the same purpose.

Mr. Packard then introduced the following resolutions:

Resolved, That while every man in Northern Wisconsin is interested in finding and opening a shorter route from us to Lake Superior, than either of those now traveled, it is the special duty of the citizens of Outagamie County to accept and understand their position as holding the most available point for the Southern terminus of such a route.

Resolved, That Appleton, as being for the present the Northern terminus of the C. & N. W. Railway, the point where that road leaves the navigable waters of the Fox river for a direct line to Lake Superior, and the nearest Railroad station to the most accessible point on Lake Superior, should take the lead of Northern Wisconsin in this enterprise.

Resolved, That we heartily accept the invitation extended to us to send delegates to a convention at Houghton, on the 17th of June; that the chair appoint five delegates to attend that convention; and that the delegates so chosen, be authorized to to substitute others, or to give proxies to each other in case any of them are able to go personally.

Resolved, That we also choose a corresponding committee who shall represent the people of this county in correspondence with the people of Lake Superior, and who shall, at their discretion, call future meetings, and do all in their power to promote the enterprise in which we now engage.

Which were unanimously adopted, and the following persons were appointed delegates in accordance therewith:

Messrs. Bingham, Heath, McGillan, M. Werner, and Spaulding.

Corresponding Com.—Messrs. Tompkins, Packard, and West.

Voted that a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be furnished to the city papers for publication.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

☞ The Military Spirit prevalent in our State is unparalelled in its history. All (or nearly all) who can are anxious to shoulder the musket. Even the ladies—God bless them, are all anxious to be *drilled*, while the "bowid soger boys" earnestly desire to be placed in a position to cover their retreat. The enthusiasm and martial spirit so wide spread during the Mexican War bears no comparison with this "Battle for the People's Rights," the Union to maintain.

Joseph Baker and H. R. Hobart have connected themselves with J. C. Mann in the publication of the Janesville Republican.

[From the National Intelligencer, May 17.]

Letter from Senator Douglas.

A friend of Senator Douglas has handed us for publication a copy of the following letter from him on the state of the country:

CHICAGO, May 10, 1861.

My Dear Sir:—Being deprived of the use of my arms at present by a severe attack of rheumatism, I am compelled to avail myself of the services of an amanuensis in reply to your two letters.

It seems that some of my friends are unable to comprehend the difference between arguments used in favor of an equitable compromise, with the hope of averting the horrors of war, and those urged in support of the government and flag of our country, when war is being waged against the United States with the avowed purpose of producing a permanent disruption of the Union and a total destruction of its government.

All hope of compromise with the cotton States was abandoned when they assumed the position that the separation of the Union was complete and final, and that they never would consent to a reconstruction in any emergency—not even if we would furnish them with a blank sheet of paper and permit them to inscribe their own terms.

Still the hope was cherished that reasonable and satisfactory terms of adjustment could be agreed upon with Tennessee, North Carolina and the Border States, and that whatever terms would prove satisfactory to these loyal States would create a Union party in the cotton States which would be powerful enough at the ballotbox to destroy the revolutionary government, and bring those States back into the Union by the voice of their own people. This hope was cherished by Union men North and South and was never abandoned until actual war was levied at Charleston, and the authorative announcement made by the revolutionary government at Montgomery, that they secession flag would be planted upon the walls of the Capitol at Washington, and a proclamation issued inviting the pirates of the world to prey upon the commerce of the United States.

These startling effects, taken in connection with the boastful announcement that the ravages of war and carnage should be quickly transferred from the cotton fields of the South to the wheat fields and corn fields of the North, furnish conclusive evidence that it was the fixed purpose of the secessionists utterly to destroy the Government of our fathers and obliterate the United States from the map of the world.

In view of this state of facts there was but one path of duty left for patriotic men. It was not a party question, nor a question involving partisan policy; it was a question of government or no government, country or no country; and hence it became the imperative duty of every Union man, every friend of constitutional liberty, to rally to the support of our common country, its government and flag, as the only means of checking the progress of revolution and of preserving the Union of States.

I am unable to answer your questions in respect to the policy of Mr. Lincoln and his Cabinet. I am not in their confidence, as you and the whole country ought to be aware. I am neither the supporter of the partisan policy, nor the apologist for the errors of the administration. My previous relations to them remain unchanged; but I trust the time will never come when I shall not be willing to make any needful policy for the honor and integrity of my country.

I know of no mode by which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the flag, the Constitution, and the Union, under all circumstances, and under every administration, (regardless of party politics,) against all assailants, at home and abroad. The fatal course of Clay and Webster toward the administration of Gen. Jackson, in the days of nullifications, presents a noble and worthy example to all true patriots. At the very moment when that fearful crisis was precipitated upon the country, partisan strife between Whigs and Democrats was quite as bitter and relentless as now between Democrats and Republicans. The gulf which separated party leaders in those days was quite as broad and deep as that which now separates the Democracy from the Republicans.

But the moment an enemy rose in our midst, plotting the dismemberment of our Union and of destruction of the Government, the voice of partisan strife was hushed in patriotic silence. One of the brightest chapters in the history of our country will record the fact that during this eventful period the great leaders of the Opposition, sinking the partisan in the patriot, rushed to the support of the Government, and became its ablest and bravest defenders against all assailants until the conspiracy was crushed and abandoned, when they returned to their former positions as party leaders upon political issues.

These acts of patriotic devotion have never been deemed evidences of infidelity or political treachery, on the part of Clay and Webster, to the principles and organization of the old Whig party. Nor have I any apprehension that the firm and unanimous support which the Democratic leaders and masses are now giving to the Constitution and the Union will ever be deemed evidences of infidelity to Democratic principles, or a want of loyalty to the organization and creed of the Democratic party. If we hope to regain and perpetuate the ascendancy of our party, we should never forget that a man cannot be a true Democrat unless he is a loyal patriot.

With the sincere hope that these, my conscientious convictions, may coincide with those of my friends, I am, very truly yours.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

To Virgil Hickox, Esq.,
Chairman State Dem. Convention.

Cannon from Mackinac.—The Herald says the cannon now at Mackinac are ordered to be transported to Chicago, doubtless ultimately intended for Cairo.

Since the blockade, whiskey is worth only 12 cents per gallon in Cincinnati.—*Exchange.*

After this announcement we shall of course expect to see a large emigration to Cincinnati from all parts of the country.—*Milwaukee Press and News.*

The New York Lodges of Odd Fellows have voted to provide for the families of such of their brethren as go to fight the battles of their country. The Boston Masons have done the same.

Henry B. Beecher, the eldest son of the Rev. H. W. Beecher, and Mr. Seoville, who, it is understood, is a son-in-law in prospective of Mr. Beecher, have both enlisted in the 13th Regiment of N. Y. State.

Col. J. S. Alban, of Portage county, is the Visitor to West Point Academy from this State.

Milwaukee, June 4th.—Gov. Randall has just received orders to send his three year Volunteers to Washington immediately.

THIRD SESSION OF THE FOX RIVER VALLEY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—Pursuant to adjournment, the Association met at the Second Ward School House, on the 25th ult., at 2½ P. M.

Mr. B. K. Seaman, President, called the meeting to order, and S. Newell Griffith, was elected Sec. pro tem.

Eighteen persons were present, two of whom were ladies.

Prof. Pomeroy then addressed the Association on the best Methods of Primary Instruction in Common Schools. He described the methods employed in the Schools of Oswego N. Y., and to some extent in other places.

He said that pupils are there taught conversation first, before reading; that they are taught description; the senses are trained; the pupils are taught to measure distances: first, by a graduated scale, and then by the eye, also to measure surfaces by a unit of surface, and solids by a unit of solidity; that they are trained to distinguish shape, in curves, as circumferences sectors, &c, and in figures composed of segments of circumferences and straight lines.

They are taught to make pictures, or draw maps of the school-room and school-yard by actual measurement, then of the town, County and State. They are taught to distinguish color; are taught the colors first and the names afterward, *"things first, names afterwards,"* are taught to distinguish delicate shades of color.

All this is taught before reading, after reading comes arithmetic. Lessons in numbers are given. The Professor remarked that the number of persons knowing numbers definitely is small. Small numbers are more used in the common "on-goings of life.' They are taught ideas of combinations of numbers, as odd or even, &c.; no calculation is yet introduced. The nature of composite numbers is unfolded and the pupils get the idea of units, and *various* units. The questions are, thus far, *concrete*, not *abstract*.

This system is *intuitional* as distinguished from *rational*. There are three stages of mental development. First, Concrete; Second, Concreto-scientific; Third, Scientific.

This address was heard with marked attention and interest, and suggests much to the original and reflective mind. His ideas marks the dawn of more natural methods of teaching.

The minutes of the last meeting were then read, accepted, and referred to Messrs. Davies and Stannard for preparation for the press.

Voted, that a committee of three be appointed to see that notice of the next meeting of this Association be given twice each week in the Collage Chapel until such meeting takes place, to invite personally all teachers and friends of education in town to be present, and to procure the services of a choir. Messrs. Pomeroy, Griffith and Davies Com.

Voted that a committee of three be appointed to procure some resident or one city to address the next meeting of the Association: also to report a special order of business for the next meeting. Messrs. Fuller, Freeman, Griffith, Com.

The Association then adjourned to meet in three weeks, viz. on Saturday. June 15, at 2½ P. M., at the same place.

B. K. SEAMAN, Ch'n.
S. N. GRIFFITH, Sec.

The Wisconsin Banks.

GOOD BANKS.

Bank of Beloit	Farmers & Millers Bank, "
Bank of Columbus,	Forest City "
Bank of Fox Lake,	Frontier "
Bank of Green Bay,	German "
Bank of the Interior,	Green Bay bank "
Bank of Jefferson,	Hudson City "
Bank of Madison,	Iowa County, "
Bank of Milwaukee,	Jefferson County "
Bank of Mineka,	Juneau "
Bank of Monroe,	Kenosha County "
Bank of the Northwest,	La Crosse County "
Bank of Oshkosh,	Lumbermans "
Bank of Portage,	Northern "
Bk of Prairie du Chien,	Oakwood "
Bank of Racine,	Oshkosh Commer'l "
Bank of Ripon,	Prairie City "
Bank of Sheboygan,	Racine County "
Bank of Sparta,	Rock County "
Bank of Watertown,	Rock River "
Bank of Wauwatosa,	Rockwell & Co's "
Bank of Whitewater,	Sauk City "
Bank of Wis onsin,	Second Ward "
Central Bank of Wis.,	Shawanaw "
City bank of Kenosha,	State "
City Bank of Prescott,	State Bank of Wisconsin,
Columbia Co. Bank,	St. Croix Valley Bank, "
Commercial "	Summit "
Corn Exchange "	Sun Prairie "
Corn Planters, "	Waukesha County "
Dane County "	Walworth County "
Dodge County "	Waupun "
Eck Horn "	Exchange Bk. of Darling & Co.
	Wis. Marine & Fire Ins.
	Farmers & Mech's Bank
	Wisconsin Pinery.

BANKS CLOSING BUT RECEIVED AT PAR.

The following banks are taken on deposite at par, except the Eau Claire Bank, which are taken at 84 cents. They are, however, closing.

Badger State,	Kankakee,
Bank of the Capital,	Kokomo,
Bank of La Ponte,	Marathon County,
Bank of Monteello,	Marine "
Bk. of city of La Crosse,	Merchants,
Brown County Bank,	Merchants & Mechanics,
City Bank of Racine,	Northern Wisconsin,
Farmers Bank Hudson,	People's,
Fox River Bank,	Union,
Globe Bank,	State Stock,

It will be well to refuse all notes not in the above lists, as they are of doubtful value.

JAMES M. BARKER,

Mill-Wright and Mechanical Draughtsman, Appleton, Wisconsin. 9-6y

CONTRACT TO LET.

The undersigned has seven thousand feet of flated TIMBER to draw on to Grand Chute Island, and a new, or a first rate second hand wagon to trade for team work. [7tf] EDWARD WEST.

The Trustees and other Officers of the Outagamie County Agricultural Society

Will meet at the Court House on 22d day of June inst. at 8 o'clock p. m. A full attendance is required, as important business will be transacted. The location of the fair grounds, the appointment of committees, and other matters of interest will be decided on. It is particularly requested that members will be punctual. But better late than never.

June 7, 1861. 2w1] JOHN STEPHENS, Sec'y.

I. O. G. T.

Anniversary Celebration!

OF

Forest Lodge, No. 130, Appleton, Wis.

The Committee of Arrangements would hereby inform the friends of Temperance in the city of Appleton and adjoining towns that the Anniversary of the institution of Forest Temple will be celebrated on

TUESDAY, JUNE 11th.

Dr. JEWETT will address the Lodge at Adkins' Hall, at 7½ o'clock, precisely. Admittance free. After which supper and Ice Cream will be served up at Mr. Warner's New Store.

Tickets for Supper 50 cents per couple. To be had of Thos. W. Briggs or Bank. D. Ryan, or at the Book and Drug stores.

☞ The object of the supper is to purchase a melodeon for the Lodge. Neighboring Lodges are invited to be present.

May 30th, 1861. By order of Com.

PANIC PRICES

AT

Fay & Humphrey's.

GOODS

NEVER SO CHEAP AS NOW!

COME AND PURCHASE YOUR

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

Clothing and Cloths,

AT

PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE,

Where a little money goes a great ways.

Large Stock

OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Just Received from New York, at

GEORRE PAYZANT'S

Cheap Cash Store!

A General Assortment of

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

BONNETS, HATS, AND RIBBONS.

BOOTS and SHOES,

Gloves, &c., &c.

This Stock is well-selected and purchased in the very best market in the Union, and now selling at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

Geo. Payzant.

Appleton, Wis. June 1861 1y

GILT AND ROSEWOOD

MOULDINGS

FOR

PICTURE FRAMES, &c.

Upwards of 500 ft.—various patterns—½ in. to 4½ in. wide. Five cts to three shillings per foot.

☞ FRAMES MADE ANY SIZE ORDERED AT

9-1y Smith's Bookstore.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward. To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward, lying or abutting on the east side of Rankin street, from the intersection of the south side of Franklin street to the north side of Washington st. inclusive; you are hereby required to show cause in writing, if any you have, at the city clerk's office on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the east side of said street. THO'S HANNA, Appleton, June 7, 1861. 7w3 Street Comm'r.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward. To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward of the city of Appleton, lying or abutting on the north side of Washington st from the intersection of the west side of Rankin street to east side of Meade street, inclusive: You are hereby notified and required to show cause in writing (if any you have), at the city clerk's office, on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the north side of said street. THOMAS HANNA, Appleton, June 7th, 1861. 7w3 Street Comm'r

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward. To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward of the city of Appleton, lying or abutting on the north side of Washington st from the west side of Meade street to the intersection of the east side of Lawe street, inclusive: You are hereby notified and required to show cause in writing (if any you have), at the city clerk's office, on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the north side of said street. THOMAS HANNA, Appleton, June 7, 1861. 7w3 Street Comm'r.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward. To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward, lying or abutting on the east side of Meade street, from the intersection of the south side of Franklin street to the north side of Washington street inclusive: You are hereby required to show cause in writing, if any you have, at the city clerk's office on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the east side of said street. THO'S HANNA, Street Commissioner. Appleton, June 7th, 1861. 7w3

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward. To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land, in the First Ward of the city of Appleton, lying or abutting on the east side of Meade street from the intersection of the south side of Washington street, to the north side of College Avenue, inclusive: You are hereby notified and required to show cause in writing, (if any you have,) at the city clerk's office, on Monday, the 24th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the south side of said street. THOMAS HANNA, Street Commiss'r. Appleton, June 7th, 1861. 7w3

Our Woodland Home.

SEE that your *Home Paper* is in *Every Family in Outagamie County.*

Outagamie Division.

No. 119, Sons of Temperance, meets every Saturday evening at their hall in the Third Ward.
O. W. FOND R. S. J. A WATROUS W. P.

Notice.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Ryan & Co., are hereby notified to make immediate settlement or accounts will be sued forthwith. All persons having claims against the firm will hand them in for settlement. RYAN & CO.
May 3d, 1861.

Special.

No one is authorized to contract debts on our account except on written orders from either one of the firm. RYAN, BRO. & CO.

Subscribe for and advertise in the CHILTON TIMES, a weekly paper published in Chilton, the County Seat of Calumet, by JOHN P. HUME.

☞ The Common Council will meet this evening.

☞ Lieut. Hancock, of the 4th regiment, was in town this week recruiting for a Regimental Band.

☞ Would it not be a good plan to trim the trees in the cemetery, especially those that have dry branches on.

☞ We return our prettiest thanks to our mammoth hearted lady friend in the fourth ward, for that mammoth pie plant.

☞ That Soda Fountain of Shaw & Foster's is *the* institution for the times. Try it, and our word for it, you will be of our opinion.

☞ Don't forget the Good Templar's Anniversary Festival next Tuesday evening. Everything warrants us in saying that it will be a pleasant, social reunion.

☞ From what we can see in different parts of the city, we should think the fruit crop this season will far exceed that of any previous year.

☞ Through mistake, in our report of the Flag Raising at Greenville last week, we said "speeches were made in German and French." It should have been German and Irish.

☞ A good piece of work has been accomplished by grading River Street, north of the National Hotel about half a mile. Mr. Hanna is devoting his undivided time in grading streets, making walks, &c.

DR. H. O. CRANE, of Neenah, Senator from Winnebago county, has been appointed by the Governor, Assistant Surgeon of the Third Regiment. A good appointment.

☞ There was cleared from the Collector's Office at this place, last Saturday, for Green Bay, 3200 barrels of Flour, 5430 bushels grain, and 2000 lbs. Mdz. Pretty good exhibit.

☞ Our "Price Current" was knocked into pi the other day by a dunder head, and we have not had it reset. Wheat has come down with a rush this week. Spring is worth but about 75 cents.

☞ We are glad to hear the whistle of the Fannie Fisk, a fast running steamer on the line between this place and the Bay. George Farnsworth of Oconto is running the boat, and we hope he may be well supported in the enterprise.

☞ Never in the history of Outagamie county, have the prospects for an immense hay crop been as cheering as at the present season. With proper managements our farmers can soon get along without resorting to the coarse marsh hay.

☞ Attention of teamsters is asked to the advertisement of Edward West, in to-day's issue. He has a large amount of timber to haul to rebuild his dam. The new dam will be 400 feet long, running up the stream from the South end of the second ward bridge.

☞ A Flouring Mill is to be established forthwith at Kaukauna, ten miles below Appleton on Fox River, under the most favorable circumstances. It will prove to be a profitable investment, as well as a great advantage to that portion of country.

☞ Heavy Rain Storms visited us on on Saturday night and Sunday last. The wheat never looked better and notwithstanding the immense amount of rain which has fallen during the past two months, the backwardness of spring, the gardens are certainly as advanced as they were last year. Fruit looks very promising.

☞ We give an interesting letter from our Cuban Correspondent. We think his strictures on the Catholic Church are rather severe. The fact is, all churches and religions, to unfamiliar eyes, are open to such criticism, and we think the true way is either to be unbiased, or to throw criticism "to the dogs."

☞ An improvement of no inconsiderable value has been made on the College grounds in the brief space of two years by the planting of shade trees. Nearly all, if not all the trees set out two years ago and last year, are thriving nicely. We think there is still a chance for improvement in this way there.

☞ The news of the death of Judge Douglas came in Monday evening by a gentleman from Chicago, but strong hopes were entertained by many that it was a mistake as on a previous occasion, consequently the post-office was filled immediately following the mail. The display of the papers draped in mourning, quieted the crowd almost instantly, and caused many a deep drawn sigh, and sad heart. "Yes, Judge Douglas has gone," were the words that fell like thunder bolts upon our ears, and plainly could we see the tears stealing down the cheeks of many present. To us, the occasion presented more the appearance of a funeral, than that of a company waiting for mail.

Samuel Appleton Dead!

This distinguished citizen died on the 5th inst.

He has been considered one of the most liberal wealthy men of the country. He gave $10,000 to establish the Library of Lawrence University, in consideration of which this place was named "*Appleton.*" His death will be mourned by many throughout the country.

A New Invention.

Our enterprising townsman, Mr. W. C. Cook, has just received "Letters Patent" from Washington, for a 'Bed Spring,' which is destined to entirely supersede anything we have seen or heard of. We call it a "bed spring," but the fact is that it can be applied to almost every article requiring a spring. It is simple in construction, and cannot get out of order. It is made of large wire bent into a loop shape intertwining or hooking into each other. There five strings of these wires stretched and fastened to a frame made to the size of the Bedstead, and it thus forms a double spring. Upon the loops the mattress rests. We are indebted to the Inventor for one of these frames, and find them to be all that is claimed for them. There is no overturning them as is the trouble with spiral springs, and they don't cost over one-half as much.

We think after the spring is introduced among the people and its valuable qualities becomes known, its use will be universal.

We shall have a cut of this *spring* before long and will give it in a future number of the paper with additional remarks.

Mr. Cook will doubtless be willing to dispose of State and County Rights on reasonable rates. Models can be seen at his establishment on Morrison Street.

We congratulate Mr. Cook on the successful termination of his labors to produce this invention. He has been experimenting some time, and has thoroughly tested this *spring* to his entire satisfaction.

☞ An accident happened at Dunn & Brewster's Stave Factory, last Thursday, by which Mr. Harleigh Lee, lost three fingers of his left hand, badly lacerating the other. His agony during the dressing of the wounds was intense. We sympathize with the sufferer in this sad affair. Drs. Fuller and Tompkins rendered efficient surgical aid. Men ought to be extremely careful about machinery. Already a large number of accidents have occurred among our machinery.

☞ Jerome Watrous, of the Appleton Crescent, says it makes him blush to be called an editor. Didn't it make you blush when you got married, Jerome.—*Chilton Times.*

N-n-n-n-no sir, some; why?

PICNICS.—The picnic season has come. The ball was set rolling on Saturday last, by the members of the second ward school. On the first day of *June*, the May-party, of much thought and disappointment, came off. Through the generosity and assistance of Mr. J. D. Pierce, the grounds were pleasantly prepared, at the Grand Chute grove, and, under the excellent management of an efficient committee, everything passed off merrily.

To the spectator no more pleasing sight could be presented than that large and happy throng, crowning their queen, song-singing—then seated, each made happy in the distribution of the good things of a richly laden table. The afternoon passed quickly, because pleasantly, in boat-riding, dancing about the May-pole, and rambling hither and thither, over those beautiful banks.

Special Notices.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The subscriber will cheerfully send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the copy of a SIMPLE RECIPE by which he was cured of that DIRE disease Consumption.

Sufferers with Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any lung affection, he sincerely hopes will try this Recipe, well satisfied if they do so they will be more than satisfied with the result. Thankful for his own complete restoration, he is anxious to place in the hands of every sufferer the means of cure. Those wishing the recipe with full directions, &c., will please call on or address REV. WM. S. ALLEN,
No. 66 John Street, New York.

The following flattering notice is taken from the *Portsmouth (Ohio) Scioto Valley Republican*, of April 5, 1858.

SCANDINAVIA.—A friend writes to us for our "real opinion" of Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Remedies,—where he can obtain them—and why they are called "Scandinavian," and we are frequently asked the same questions. Scandinavia is the ancient name of Sweeden and Norway and a Scandinavian, that is, a Sweed or Norwegian, affectionately calls his country "Scandinavia," in the same sense as we speak of "Columbia," or "The Union." By the way, there are over nine thousand Scandinavian families in Dane County, Wisconsin. Although a citizen of this country for many years, Dr. Roback is a Swede by birth, and compounds his Medicines of Swedish herbs we think the name is very appropriate. We have the very highest opinion of the Medicines, and of Dr. Roback himself, who is not only a singularly skillful physician, but a gentleman of the Old School, as we know personally. Our advertisement columns will answer the rest of friend's letter Sm advertisement.

Dyspepsia.

This is a very distressing complaint, and gives the patient more suffering than almost any other disease. In fact, it is a combination of many complaints in one. The symptoms are numerous, and are of the nature of almost all other complaints combined. From this fact, arise the very many cases where this disease is mistaken for some other, and so improperly treated. The first symptoms—indigestion flatulency, loss of appetite, heartburn, headache, etc., if neglected, almost always awaken some dormant disease and send the poor sufferer to a premature grave. What you must first do is cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels; do this with the "Mountain Herb Pills," and you can bid defiance to dyspepsia. Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by Medicine Dealers.

From the Boston Waverly Magazine.

Many of the much-vaunted hair mixtures are not only useless, but positively injurious to the scalp; but, Prof. Wood's is of such a balmy and nutritive nature, that it invigorates the skin of the head and follicles or hair glands beneath it. It also removes all dandruff from the scalp, and effectually banishes every kind of scald head and cutaneous eruption.—Hence it is of great service to children, the ingredients being of so harmless a nature that the most delicate cuticle cannot be injured by its contact.

CAUTION.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo., and New York), are blown in the bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers, also by all Fancy and Toilet Goods Dealers on the United States and Canada.

MILWAUKIE
Cheap Clothing Store,
BY
Hyman & Billstein,
Three doors west of the Post Office, Appleton, Wis.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Ready-Made Clothing,
Of our own manufacture, and warranted to give satisfaction. All work made to order.
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,
AND
Gents Furnishing Goods,
At Milwaukie Prices. Cash paid for Hides, Sheep Pelts, and Furs. PHILIP GALLEY.
Appleton, May 29, 1861. 5 3m

FUN AHEAD!
AT THE
RAILROAD BILLIARD SALOON

Live and Enjoy Yourself.

To while away an hour pleasantly, and have a social time, or to mope along with an extended countenance, looking like hard times boiled down in bogus society—that is the question.

Billiards Only Ten Cents per Game!

XXX Ale, New Cider,
Oysters, Sardines, Pigs' Feet Pastry, Confectionery, Fruit, Cigars, &c.
One door below Crescent Hotel, Appleton, Wis.
42y J. H. HART, Proprietor.

Wanted!
FARMERS
WE WANT
MORE TIMBER,
AND MUST HAVE IT!
Bring it along and we will pay you
THE CASH!

FOR STAVE BOLTS $2 50 per cord.
" HARD HEADING 1 75 " "

Remember the above rates will be paid in Cash, until further notice. (9-1) DUNN & BREWSTER.

HARD TIMES
MADE EASY
GOOD NEWS for the UNEMPLOYED.
1000 CHANCES TO MAKE MONEY!
ONE MILLION DOLLARS
WORTH OF
WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
TO BE DISPOSED OF ON
AN ENTIRELY NEW
AND
Original Plan.
2500 AGENTS
WANTED!!
All persons desirous of securing an Agency in this
NEW ENTERPRISE
Should send on their names at once, enclosing 3 cent stamp to pay postage, and receive by return of mail
A PREMIUM
CATALOGUE
Containing
OUR INDUCEMENTS,
Which afford
A Rare Chance
TO MAKE
MONEY
without risk, together with
Full Particulars
Relative to this
NOVEL PLAN.
To insure prompt and satisfactory dealings, direct all orders to
George G. Evans,
436 Chestnut St., Phila.

Marriage Guide.

Being a private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female. In everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production or prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents, in specie or post age stamps Address DR. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 SPRUCE St. above 4th, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE—No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any one of the notorious and unlearned Quacks—native or foreign—so to advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of either of Dr. Young's Books and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publications, at his Office, No. 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth 37eowly

Howard Association.
PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on permatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No 2 South Ninth St. Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y. EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.

Webster's Pictorial Dictionary
THE POST OFFICE.

Leases—approved form, just printed and for sale at the CRESCENT OFFICE

OSHKOSH
ECLIPSED.
The subscriber will sell DURING THE SEASON
WITHOUT RESERVE,
THE WHOLE OF HIS
Well Selected Stock of
GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, SHOES,
Crockery Ware,
WALL PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.,
At prices competing with the above celebrated market, or any other in all this region round about. Please give me a call.
THOMAS DANE.
Appleton, May 7th, 1861. 9-3y

Correspondence.

For the Appleton Crescent.

SIR—Being on a shopping tour with my wife, I called into P. WHITE'S STORE after having been in several others, and there I found most everything I wanted, and many things a little cheaper than at any other place, and I thought I would get you to tell my neighbors what I saw there, as people must look into the Crescent if they want to be posted:

Jack-Knives and Scissors, Tobacco and Screws,
Dried Apples, and Currants, and Raisins too;
Fine and coarse Salt in Barrels and sacks,
Gimblets and Cork-Screws, Hammers and Tacks;
Hay-Knives and Crow-Bars that never were broke,
With plenty of Sugar, Molasses and Soap;
Fine Combs and coarse, Drag-Teeth and Saws,
Gloves and Lamp Oil, Boots and Shoes;
Crackers and Codfish, Glass, Nails and Herring;
Sheeting and Shirting, Scoop-Shovels and Denims,
Pepper and Tea, Coffee, Ginger and Oats,
200 Accounts and as many old Notes,
Here's Wadding and Butter, Hats, Cotton & Caps,
Lard, Flannel, and Alleqice, besides Cotton Batts,
Pins, Needles and Rice, Pipes, Nails and Flour,
Walk in, if you have the cash, or
Dress Goods & Prints, Hoes & Spades
And here is the place if you've cash for trade!

Grover & Baker's
$10. Family Sewing Machines, $60
ARE ON EXHIBITION AND SALE AT
Reed's Clothing Hall!

Those wanting Sewing Machines will do well to examine the above before purchasing any other. They are sold at reduced prices, and are equalled by none. Also—

The Grover & Baker
$50. Lock Stitch Machine, $50.
FOR HEAVY OR LIGHT WORK,
Suitable for Tailors, Harness Makers, and Shoe Makers, making a stitch alike on both sides.
All are invited to call and examine the machines and specimen of work. T. H. REED,
Agent for Outagamie County, Neenah, Menasha, and New London. 3 1y

Family Market.
No. 5 Commercial Block, Appleton.
J. C. SMITH,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY INform the people of this city and Outagamie County that he is now prepared to furnish them with all kinds of
Fresh, Salt, Smoked and Dried Meats,
of the very best quality, and at cheaper rates than can be afforded by any other Market in the city.
FAMILY GROCERIES:
Of the above, I also keep constantly on hand a large and fresh supply of *the very best*, for the *accommodation* of my customers. Cheap for Cash!
☞ The highest market price paid for Fat Cattle, Stock, Game Poultry, &c., &c 9m16.

APPLETON
CITY WAGON, CARRIAGE
AND
Blacksmith Shop!

I TAKE THIS MEANS OF RETURNING THANKS to my old patrons for their liberal patronage in the past, and hopes by the usual promptness and attention that has characterized me in business heretofore, to merit a

A Liberal Share of Your Patronage

in the future. Judge for yourselves whether it is for your interest to patronize a *PERMANENT*, or a mushroom institution, and act accordingly.

☞ Wagons on hand and made to order. ☜
7-1y W. C. COOK.

Geo. H. Smith,
DEALER IN
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades and Fixtures, Tassels, Cord, &c., &c.
Largest, freshest and cheapest Stock of Papers in this section
Smith's Bookstore.

Cephalic Pills.
CURE
Sick Headache.
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing *Costiveness.*

For Literary men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs and restoring the natural vitality and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.
Sold by druggists and all other dealers in medicines.
A box will be sent by mail on receipt of the
PRICE 25 CENTS.
All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 Cedar Street, New York.

The Following Endorsements of
SPALDING'S
Cephalic Pills
Will Convince all who Suffer from
HEADACHE,
THAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE
Is Within Their Reach.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MCCONNELLSVILLE, CONN, Feb'y 5, 1861.
MR. SPALDING,
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your ob't Servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.
MR. SPALDING.
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, I have received a great deal of benefit from them.
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA., January 18, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING,
SIR,
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 16, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills *They are the best Pills I have ever tried.*
Direct A. STOVER, P. M.
Belle Vernon, Westfield Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.
I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have any thing of the kind, please send to me.
One of my customers who is subject to severe sick headache, (usually lasting two days,) *was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills*, which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. A. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO. OHIO January 9, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING
No. 48 Cedar st. N. Y.
Dear Sir:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25) for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly.
Truly Yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH. Jan. 14, 1861.
MR. SPALDING,
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the nervous headache and costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz. cure of Headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the headache, send for a box, (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western Railroad Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily endorse Mr. Spalding, and his unrivalled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path Finder, New Orleans, La.
Try them, you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefit that no other medicine can produce.

☞ A single bottle of *SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE* will save ten times its cost annually. ☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DESPATCH!!
☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE." ☜
Accidents will happen, even in well regulated families; it is very desirable to have one cheap and convenient article for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.,

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,
meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Address,
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., N. Y.

CAUTION.
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public, imitations of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing; and see that the full ☞SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,☜ is on the outside wrapper: all others are swindling counterfeits.

Merchandise.

Family Store. Family Store
Family Store.
Opposite Academy Square,
COLLEGE AVENUE, APPLETON
CHARLES MORY,
Determined to please the public with low prices, prompt attention, and the best article of goods to be found in the market, would announce that he has now for sale a large and choice stock of
Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods.
The choicest and most fashionable patterns of
Cassimeres, Vestings, Jeans, Caps, &c., for the gentlemen, and
Prints, Lawns, Delaines, Muslin, Sheetings, Shirtings, Hosiery, Calico, &c.
for the ladies, ever offered in the market.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
of every variety for men, women and children
Shelf Hardware,
and house building and house furnishing articles, a good assortment very cheap.
Log Chains and Harrow Teeth.
In the line of
Groceries,
Everybody knows the stock of Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Spices, Syrup, Molasses, Starch, Flour, Corn Meal, Fish, Salt Raisins, Nuts, Figs, Butter, Cheese, &c., is the best and cheapest on Fox River.
FANCY AND ASSORTED CANDY,
Every variety, fresh and good, always furnished to order.
Nails!
YANKEE NOTIONS,
Sufficient to supply the demand. In this line every thing that can be found at any store in the country not excepting toys, toilet, and fancy articles.

Paints,	Oils,
Glass,	Nails,
Putty,	Varnish,
Soap,	Blacking,
Candles,	Tobacco,
Segars,	Pipes,
&c.	&c.

And a choice stock of
Crockery, Glass Ware, Earthen Ware,
Brooms, Axes, Pails,
Tubs, Mops, Hoes,
Indeed about everything that one expects to find in a tip top Family Store.
As he buys for cash, has no rents to pay, and is not afraid to work himself, CHARLES MORY can SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY STORE in Appleton, Neenah or Menasha.
Thankful for past favors, he asks a call to visit his store, examine goods and prices, and satisfy themselves that they can save money by buying of him
For Cash or Produce.
Appleton, May, 1859. [6y] CHAS MORY

Appleton Paper Mills.
Appleton, - - - Wisconsin.
THE BEST ARTICLE IS ALWAYS THE
CHEAPEST
—o—
RICHMOND & BROTHER,
MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all the very best qualities of
NEWS,
BOOK,
CAP,
LETTER,
NOTE,
FOLIO POST,
Manilla and Wrapping Paper.
READY to fill all orders, at the lowest living rates for cash or approved paper. Every variety of
Plain and Ruled Letter,
Legal and Flat Cap
Furnished to Order.
RAGS,
The Highest Market Price
Paid for Rags,
In Exchange for Paper.
Appleton, June 3, 1859. 8y

BADGER
Furniture Establishment.
C. J. GEIGER, & Co.
WE ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE ALL kinds of Household and office Furniture, and
CABINET WARE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, AS GOOD AS THE BEST AND CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
We will furnish retail dealers on the most reasonable terms. Give us a trial. All orders filled with dispatch. We will warrant every article, as we employ the most COMPETENT MECHANICS, and use the BEST OF MATERIALS.
WARE ROOMS
One Door west of the Edgerton Hotel, on College Avenue, where may be found the largest and best selected stock in the city.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
Chairs, both cane and others re-seated.
Furniture repaired on short notice.
Ready Made Coffins always kept on hand or made to order.
FACTORY
Opposite the Outagamie Flouring Mills, where we Manufacture every kind of common furniture and do TURNING and all kinds of
WOOD TURNING,
Clothes Driers and Broom Handles, &c., &c., constantly on hand. Terms Cash or Ready Pay.
C. J. GEIGER. R. GANTENBEIN.
Appleton, Wisconsin, Jan'y 12, 1861. 33y8

JOHNS & CROSLEY
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE IMPROVED
GUTTA PERCHA
Cement Roofing,
Is the cheapest and most durable Roofing in use.
IT IS FIRE AND WATER PROOF!
It can be applied to new and old Roofs of all kinds, and to Shingle Roofs without removing the shingles. *The Cost is only about One-third that of Tin, and is twice as durable.*
GUTTA PERCHA CEMENT,
For preserving and repairing Tin and other Metal Roofs of every description, from its great elasticity is not injured by the contraction and expansion of metals, and will not crack in cold or run in warm weather.
These materials have been thoroughly tested in New York and all parts of the Southern and Western States, and we can give abundant proof of all we claim in their favor.
They are readily applied by ordinary laborers, at a trifling expense.
"NO HEAT IS REQUIRED"
These materials are put up ready for use, and for shipping to all parts of the country, with full printed directions for application.
Full descriptive circulars will be furnished on application by mail or in person at our principal office and wholesale warehouse,
78 William Street, New York.
(corner of Liberty.)
JOHNS & CROSLEY.
AGENTS WANTED. 4m6

UNION
PAPER and ENVELOPES.
New Styles constantly arriving!
FOR
THE LATEST
In this line, keep an eye on
SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.
BIRD CAGES
SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

Blood Purifier and
Blood Pills.
BOTANY. CHEMISTRY. EXPERIENCE. PHARMACY.
DR. ROBACK'S
SCANDINAVIAN REMEDIES.

The evidence in the possession of Dr Roback; which is at all times accessible to the public, establish the following

FACTS:

That the BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD PILLS have been proved by analysis to
CONTAIN NO MINERAL,
That they cure the almost universal complaint,
DYSPEPSIA,
With unerring certainty, and in a very short time That after all other medicines have proved useless
they relieve LIVER COMPLAINT, &
restore the health and strength of the sufferer. That
SICK FEMALES,
Who have languished for years in helpless weakness and despondency, recuperate with great rapidity under their life-giving operation. That all sexual disabilities are removed by their cordial and gentle-stimulating properties. That they revivify
SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS.
However they may have been trifled with and abused; that their direct tendency is to lengthen life and render it enjoyable. That operating directly upon the poison of the disease, the blood they
CAUSE SOON TO HEAL.
And discharge from the system, every taint of Scrofula, whether hereditary or otherwise. That
RECRUIT THE DEBILITATED,
And that there is no disease of the stomach, the bowels, the Liver, the Nervous System, the Skin, Glands or Muscles,
ARISING FROM IMPURITIES OR OBSTRUCTION OF THE BLOOD AND SECRETIONS,
In which they do not give prompt relief, and, if administered before the very citadel of life has been invaded,) effect a painless and perfect cure.

Bear in mind that the SCANDINAVIAN VEGETABLE BLOOD PILLS are endorsed by the experience of thousands of living witnesses, who, in letters, affidavits, medical works and by word of mouth proclaim them to be the very best preparation of the kind ever offered to the broken-down victims of ill health. They hunt disease through every avenue and organ of the system, and expel it thoroughly and permanently.

No one can doubt their superiority after one single trial—they are not only better but in fact cheaper than any other pills, for it takes a less number of them to produce a better effect.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle, or $5 per half dozen. Of the pills 25 cents per box, or 5 b. xes for $1.

Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates published in a conspicuous part of this paper from time to time.

Dr. Roback's Medical Almanac and family adviser containing a great variety of interesting and valuable Medical information, can be had gratis of any of his Agents throughout the country.

In difficult or complicated cases, Dr. Roback may be consulted personally or by letter enclosing one stamp for the reply.

A NEW ARTICLE.
Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters.

A new and delightful Stomachic and Cordial, for giving tone to the Stomach, and for the prevention of billious complaints incident to the Western country. Try it.

As a morning drink, to assist digestion and relieve Dyspepsia, it has no equal. Try it.

In flavor it is superior to all other Bitters. Try it. The formula of these Bitters, now (1861) the sole property of Dr. Roback, originated with one of the oldest and most eminent Medical Practitioners of the West, and it is directly predicated upon the wants of the Western people.

These Bitters derive their stimulus from the powerful tonic nature of the roots and herbs of which they are composed, and as they are, by allying unnatural cravings of the stomach, directly promotive of TEMPERANCE,

the present proprietor believes that in making them widely known the public welfare is subserved.

It will soon be for sale by all of Dr. Roback's numerous Agents, and at Hotels, &c., the country over. In the meantime, orders will be filled direct from Cincinnati in any quantity, and packed at the lowest rates. It is put up in Quart Bottles, and packed in one doz cases. Half doz. sample cases will, however, be packed and sent to any address, if desired.

RETAIL PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE, OR SIX FOR $5.

Principal office and sales-room No. 6 East Fourth Street, 3d building from Main St., Cincinnati, Ohio. Laboratory, No. 37 Hammond Street. For sale in Outagamie County by
C. G. ADKINS, Appleton.
D. E. WOODWARD, Hortonville,
JOHN HUNT, Kaukauna,
C. R. WOODWARD, Stephensville,
And by merchants and druggists generally throughout the Union, and in the larger cities and towns in the Canadas. 49oly

COUNTY, CITY, and TOWN ORDERS for sale by
F. WHITE.
Appleton, January 13th, 1860.

How Beautiful for a Child's Grave!

DAGUERREOTYPE PICTURES ATTACHED to Head Stones and Monuments in a PARIAN MARBLE GLASS, and warranted to secure the likeness from any air or dampness for a long number of years. Any Daguerreotypist can copy the Daguerreotype into these cases from the original picture, and it is but a few moments work to attach one of them to a Head Stone. When attached to a Head Stone or Monument, they look as though they were carved on with the Sculptor's Chisel, for they imitate marble so perfectly. They are very ORNAMENTAL to a Head Stone, and are worth twice the amount charged, for an Ornament. More than Fifteen Thousand Cases have been sold, this fact alone shows conclusively that they are fast coming into general use.

The adorning of the Sepulchers of removed ones alleviates our grief, and soothes the wounded heart. It also cheers the bereaved to know that an additional embellishment of the grave presents stronger attractions to arrest the attention of the Stranger and cause him to pause and learn the *name*, and gaze on the *likeness* of one who has shared in larger or in the love of others. To a refined and feeling mind, there is not a more mournful spectacle than a desecrated grave, or neglected, or overgrown grave yards. *There* is where we meet the *departed* live, will come to strew flowers on their graves, and drop the tear of affection.

They will plant there the Rose, the Lily, and the Ever green as Emblems of a fragrant and bright Immortality, which they assign them in the Paradise of God. Above all we would deplore the loss of those *likenesses* of dear departed ones, which are so distinctly engraven upon the tablets of our memory. Although months and years may elapse since the Death made us surrender the bodies of cherished ones to the grave, and the Spirits to God, yet are they still present to our minds, beautiful and life like.

And who does not realize a melancholy pleasure in recalling departed ones, be their image clothed with the innocence and loveliness of Youth, or marked by the sorrows or cares of Age.

One of these Cases will be sent by Express to any person in the United States for Two Dollars. One Dozen Cases will be sent to any Marble Dealer or Daguerreotypist for Twelve Dollars.

Circulars, &c. furnished free, and sent with each package of Cases. Agents can charge $2 apiece when they attach them to Head Stones.

Any person wishing to sell them can be supplied at Twelve Dollars per dozen.

Young Men and Mechanics can by engaging in the business make easily *Five Hundred Dollars*, this Spring, and only Twelve Dollars required as capital to commence with.

A Monumental Design Book will be sent to any Marble Dealer for Three Dollars, this is a first-rate work, and well worth the price asked for it.

All orders must be accompanied with the Money; will be responsible for its safety, if you have proof of sending it.

Address the manufacturer,
A. LEWIS BALDWIN,
9w4 West Meriden, Ct.

New Books!

The following just issued from the press may now be had at
SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.
King of the Mountains;
Home Ballads;
Woods and Waters;
Life in the Old World;
Miss Gilbert's Career;
Hand Book of Universal Literature;
New edition French's Study of Words;
Abbott's new Juvenile American History;
Self Help;
and a large assortment new and valuable Miscellaneous Books, to which attention is especially solicited. GEO. H. SMITH.
Appleton, April 27th, 1861. 9-1

FAIRBANKS
STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
FAIRBANKS & GREENLEAF.
172 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.
☞ BUY ONLY THE GENUINE. 9-2y

DEEDS and MORTGAGES,
On hand at the Crescent Office

WOOL YARN AND STOCKS at the PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE.

Newspaper ARCHIVE® com

Yesterday's Pageant.

A thousand flags half masted; a surging crowd which for hours flung itself against the portal of the chamber where in state lay the dead; a brilliant military column; the moving strains of a funeral march; salutes of sword and musket and uncovered head; the baptism of tears, unrestrained and concealed; the sad monotony of the passing bell—these demonstrations of sorrow we all saw and heard yesterday. They swept past and eddied around a coffin where lay the remains of one whose brilliant life and strangely terrible death have aroused the quick sympathy of a people keenly sensitive to the romance and pathos of young, and beautiful, and noble life.

And yet these demonstrations were not simply in honor of the gallant soldier who went yesterday toward his final earthly rest. They had a grander purpose yet. They were the expressions of a felling more active and enduring even than is sorrow for the dead. In a new form they represented the intense and eternal feeling of loyalty which burns here in every breast, and it is well to take fresh encouragement from the sight. The first phase of American enthusiasm, which six weeks ago caused the whole North to break forth into a war-cry, and rush to arms at the notice of an hour, has passed; not, however, to be replaced by apathy, but to give way to a settled, immovable resolution to suspend the business and pleasure of life till the dignity of the Government be for ever asserted. The riotous murders of that April afternoon in Baltimore, the assassination at the dawn of that May morning in Alexandria, have given to this revolution a grim expression which should be to the most fatuous rebel a premonition of sure defeat.

In the honors paid to the young officer whom yesterday, with pomp and circumstance, we passed on to the burial, the people have made known the feeling they now have and will ever cherish toward those who shall taste the sweetness of death for their country. In the natural course of the conflict, hundreds are to fall; for them a simple grave, perhaps on the battle-field itself, perhaps in the quiet of their village church-yard, will be all the outward honors the times will allow. But they now know, hearing of the splendid obsequies which were done about the bier of Ellsworth, that for them a wreath of unfading green will always hang in the chambers of a nation's memory, and that, though dead, they will yet speak with a voice which shall awaken a sympathetic vibration in the hearts of their countrymen.

Upborne behind the hearse of him who died in its capture was carried the rebel flag which was torn from Alexandria. It was swung upon the bayonet which sent swift vengeance to the murderer, and was supported on the shoulder of the man who punished the crime. If the Rebels could only view the scene justly they would see in it a type of the sure and terrible retribution which follows hard after them, swerving neither to the right hand nor to the left, neither hastening nor retarding its step, but with unchanging purpose waiting to give the final, remediless blow. The gory ensign has passed along, the avenging bayonet no longer flashes before us in the sun, the flags which yesterday hung in sorrow now float again from the summit of their masts—but the remembrance of the pageant remains, and the lessons of that Sabbath will not be forgotten!—*N. Y. Tribune.*

[Published March 16, 1861.]

CHAPTER 34.

An act to amend chapter 22 of the General Laws of 1859, entitled "An act relative to the sale of lands for unpaid taxes and the conveyance and redemption thereof.

Sec. 1. Chapter 22 of the General Laws of 1859, entitled "An act relative to the sale of lands for unpaid taxes and the conveyance and redemption thereof," is hereby amended by striking out the word "April" whenever it occurs in said act, and inserting the word "May," in lieu thereof; so that hereafter the sale of lands for unpaid taxes, now required to be made in April, shall be made on the second Tuesday in May next thereafter, and the next succeeding days, and advertised in accordance therewith.

Sec. 2. So much of any act as conflicts with the provisions of this act, is hereby repealed; and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved, Feb. 16, 1861.

[Published March 2, 1861.]

CHAPTER 50.

An act to authorize the Secretary of State to audit certain accounts.

Sec. 1. The secretary of state is hereby authorized to audit the accounts of the publishers of newspapers, who published in their respective newspapers, chapter 370 of the general laws of 1860, and on their filing in his office the necessary proof of publication, to draw his warrants on the State Treasurer therefor; Provided, that the price paid therefor shall be the same as fixed by law for publishing the laws in the state paper.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum sufficient to pay the warrant so drawn.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 2, 1861.

[Published March 18, 1861.]

CHAPTER 52.

An Act to amend section 11 of chapter 115 of the Revised Statutes, entitled "Of the Supreme Court."

Sec. 1. Section 11 of chapter 115, of the Revised Statutes of this state is hereby amended by striking out the word "which," in the second line of said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the words following: "And in all cases and motions argued before, and decided by said Court, the said Court shall make and file a brief statement of the points decided in such case, or upon such motion; which decisions and statements."

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved, March 2, 1861.

(Published March 12, 1861.)

CHAPTER 68.

An Act to amend Section 5, Chapter 174, of General Laws of 1860, entitled "an act regulating Railroads.

Sec. 1. Section 5, of chapter 174, of General Laws of 1860, entitled "an act regulating railroads," is hereby amended by striking out the numerals 133, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one hundred and eighty-three." Section 133 of chapter 18, of the Revised Statutes, is hereby restored and re-enacted,

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved March 11, 1861.

This is anything but a time of peace and tranquility.

Miscellaneous.

Pacific Railroad to California!

C. S. COLBERT & CO.'S

Sixth Grand Quarterly Distribution

OF $100,000 ARTICLES WORTH $300,000,

Which will be sold for 100,000 to the purchasers of our Golden Pens at 30 cts per box. Our Golden Pen is the best ever used and is warranted not to corrode in any ink. Every business man and family should use the Golden pen.

The following list of articles will be sold to our patrons at one dollar each and need not be called for until we inform the purchasers which of the articles may be had for one dollar, and then it is optional whether they send the dollar and take the goods or not.

LIST OF GOODS IN THE DISTRIBUTION AT $1,00 EACH.—Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Guard and Vest Chains, Coral and Opal Sets, Cameo Sets, Chatelaine Chains, Cameo and Lava Breast Pins, Mosaic and Jet do, Gold Pencils, Gold Pens and Silver Holders, Landscape Sets, Portrait Sets, Revolving Breast-pins, Sets Studs and Sleeve Buttons. Infants Arm-lets and Neck Chains, Lockets all sizes, Gents' Breast Pins, Mosaic and Coral Bracelets, Enamelled Breast Pins, Mourning and Jet Sets, Garnet and Carbuncle Sets, Medallions, and an immense variety of other articles.

Plan of Sixth Grand Distribution,

HIGHEST VALUE OF ARTICLES $100 LOWEST $2 00. Certificates stating what we will sell each person for one dollar are placed in sealed Envelopes, with a Decimal arrangement, so that in each hundred certificates there is one for a

GOLD WATCH,

And there will be a valuable article in each ten certificates.

On receipt of 30 cents we will send you one Box of Golden Pens, and a sealed notice of the article which we sell for $1.

TRY US! TRY US!

PRICES TO AGENTS, POST PAID.

4	Boxes Pens with	4	Certificates,		$1.
9	do	do	9	do	2.
25	do	do	25	do	5.
100	do	do	100	do	18.

N. B.—With each Package of 100 boxes we present the purchaser 100 Certificates, one of which is guarranteed to contain an order for a FINE WATCH, or by ordering 50 boxes in one package you are sure to receive 50 Certificates containing an order for a splendid SILVER WATCH, beside a large number of other very valuable articles. One certificate sent gratis, upon application of any person desiring to act as agent, which may enable him to procure a valuable article upon the payment of $1.

Extra Inducements! Extra Inducements!

We have also on hand the following splendid articles which will be sold to the purchasers of our GOLDEN PENS in like manner, for

TWO DOLLARS EACH.

Gold Chronometer Hunting Cased Watches, Gold Hunting Cased English Lever do. Jewelled, Silver Lever and Lepine Watches. Open Faced do., Hunting Cased do. Duplex, Gents' Splendid Vest Chains, Ladies' Guard Chains, Ladies' Neck Chains, Gents' Breast Pins, (very fine,) Splendid Gold Pencils, Fine Medallions, Gold Regard Rings, Gold Rings Plain and Engraved, Gold Pen and Silver Holders, Enamelled Jeat Sets, Bracelets. (newest styles) Enamelled Coral Sets, Gents' Seal Rings Rings, Enamelled Garnet Sets and the latest style of Ladies' Jewelry.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS.

With every box of Golden Pens purchased of us we will present our patrons with a Certificate for which on remittance of two dollars they may obtain one of the foregoing splendid articles. This will be in addition to the Certificate given in our one [illegible] Grand Distribution.

Pianos, Melodeons, Music Books, Sewing Machines, &c.,

Bought and sold on commission. Any article will be sent to the country at the lowest wholesale prices with the addition of 5 per cent commission for forwarding. N. B.—Agents wanted in every town.

Circulars sent on application. Address all communications to C. S. COLBERT & CO., Commission Merchants and Gen'l Agents, 123 South Fourth St., below Chestnut, Philad., Pa.

For our integrity and ability to fulfil our engagements, we beg to refer you to the following well known gentlemen and business firms:

M. H. HORN, Esq., Cash'r Catasaqua Bank, Pa.
Messrs. KEMMERER & MOORE, Philadelphia.
BARTON & BRO., Chestnut above 4th st., Philad.
J. C. FULLER, Esq., Jeweller, Philadelphia.
A. F. WARD, Esq., Pub. of Fashion &c., Philad.
Hon. L. M. BENSON, Eureka California. 47

STAR OF THE PRESS. 1861.

"GREAT IN MOUTHS OF WISEST CENSURE."

The New York Mercury For the New Year.

In accordance with a time-honored custom, the publishers of the NEW YORK MERCURY, the largest two-dollar literary weekly in the world, make the opening of a New Year the occasion for issuing a comprehensive prospective prospectus bulletin. Altho' the patriarch of the weekly press (being now in its twenty-third year) THE NEW YORK MERCURY teems with the fire and vigor of youth, as well as with the wisdom and dignity of mature years. Presenting as it does, the creme de la creme of literature—enriched with the entrancing master-pieces of the greatest romances in the world—glittering with the brilliant wit and humor of the sharpest pens of the time—abundantly garnished with the rarest gems of native poesy—overflowing with "thoughts that breathe and words that burn" from the great writers of its immense contributorial corps, and honored all over the country for its perfect freedom from anything calculated to wound or repulse the most sensitive moralist or class of people—it has been for years the luxury, the teacher, the monitor, and the welcome guest of hundreds of thousands of American homes.

The publishers and proprietors of THE NEW YORK MERCURY have made the motto of its columns:

"Here shall young Genius wing his eagle flight,
Rich dew-drops shaking from his plumes of light;"

and during the present year (1861) its grand, inimitable army of writers whose united salaries exceed the total of those paid to the President and Vice-President of the United States—and its brilliant constellation of literary specialities will be materially extended. Thus, one of the proprietors' new engagements is that of the witty, waggish, quizzical, whimsical, world-renowned, and pungent

Q. K. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P. B.,

who contributes to THE MERCURY a side-splitting series of Burlesque Biographies, Lectures, Sermons, Fashion Articles, Criticisms of Paintings, Plays, Statues, etc., under the general and significant title of "Diversions of Doesticks; or, Harlequin Hits at the Times."

In the Pictorial Department appear the magnificent illustrations of that Prince of American Artists, Felix O. C. Darley.

Throughout the present year, this magnificent and famous Journal of American Literature will contain glorious Romances, Sketches, Stories, Poems, Gems of Humor, Moral and Domestic Essays, Criticisms, &c., by the most noted American and English writers who have been engaged at vast expense to write for THE MERCURY. We may name the following regular contributorial force:

Q. K. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P. B.,	COUSIN MAY CARLETON,
ARTHUR M. GRAINGER,	DR. J. H. ROBINSON,
JOSEPH BARBER,	S. R. URBAN,
FELIX O. C. DARLEY,	MRS. M. E. ROBINSON,
GRACE GARDNER,	J. A. PATTEN,
GEORGE ARNOLD,	REV. R. B. WELCH,
REV. R. M. DEVENS,	W. O. EATON,
NED BUNTLINE,	GEORGE MARTIAL,
WM. ROSS WALLACE,	HATTIE TYNG,

R. H. NEWELL.

Other celebrated writers will also contribute—making the Mercury a great focus of all that is entertaining, Instructive, Witty and Wise.

THE NEW YORK MERCURY is sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To subscribers it is regularly mailed every Saturday morning for $2 a year: three copies for $5; six copies for $9; eight copies for $12, with an extra copy free to the getter-up of the club. Six months' subscriptions received. Always write plainly the name of your Post-Office, County and State. We take the notes of all specie paying banks at par. Payment must invariably be made in advance.

☞ Specimen copies sent free to all applicants.

Address all letters and remittances, post-paid, to CAULDWELL, SOUTHWORTH & WHITNEY, Proprietors of the New York Mercury, 46 and 48 Ann Street, New York City.

HOME JOURNAL FOR 1861.

New Series—New Features—New Type

MORRIS & WILLIS, EDITORS.

A new series of this widely circulated family newspaper, will be commenced on the fifth day of January, 1861—printed on fine paper and new type. With the January number will begin the publication of a series of beautiful original works of fact and fiction, written expressly for the Home Journal, by the best authors of America. The first of these is from the facile pen of a well-known and highly gifted author, and is powerfully written, startling, mysterious, and deeply interesting history of courtship and married life. This charming story will be succeeded by others of a similar description, several of which are already in preparation. All the former peculiar features of the paper; which have given it a world-wide reputation, will be continued, while the several new ones will add infinite variety to its already diversified pages. Among them are a number of fresh, spicy, amusing, original sketches, which smack and relish of the wit, humor, raciness, brilliancy and sparkle of the times. As heretofore, no labor or expense will be spared to maintain the high reputation of the Home Journal, which is everywhere, both at home and abroad, acknowledged to be the most refined and elegant repository of literature and the arts on this side of the sea, and the best and cheapest family newspaper in the world. As no more copies of the new series will be printed than are ordered, those who desire to begin with the commencement of the volume will be able to do so by forwarding their subscriptions without delay.

TERMS.—For one copy, $2; for three copies, $5—or one copy for three years, $5; for a club of fifteen copies, $20—always in advance. Address MORRIS & WILLIS, Editors and proprietors, 107 Fulton St. N. Y.

See Miller's Hair Invigorator, in another part of this paper. 10y

Sewing Machines.

L. CORNELL, & Co's

FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING

$40 SEWING MACHINES.

TAGGART & FARR'S PATENT.

We are happy to say to the thousands who are using our machines, and the thousands that want them, that *Each Machine now bears the Patent license stamp of Grover & Baker, Elias Howe, Jr.*, and all persons selling or using them are secure against molestation.

Our machines are now just where we want them; in direct competition and on an equally popular basis with the best made and highest priced machines in any market, and they are still sold at $40 and $45, including Hemmer (of which we have several styles), Needles, and everything necessary to their use in family or shop. This makes them still the

CHEAPEST, LEGITIMATE AND FIRST-CLASS MACHINE IN MARKET.

In justice to our Machines as well as our customers we offer to REFUND THE MONEY in sixty days for any machine which does not wholly satisfy the purchaser. This feature alone makes our machine worth much more than any other, as there is necessarily some risk in buying most machines.

A few of its superior qualities are these: it uses a straight needle; has great space under the arm; sews from two common spools, neither being fastened and both in sight; turns on hinges; is secured from dust and exposes no oil; its lever purchase is greater than that of any other machine; it has but two regulating screws and both are above and in front; the driving wheel is entirely out side of the table; it requires no alteration for all varieties of work; it will certainly do neatly a GREATER VARIETY OF WORK THAN ANY MACHINE among the hundreds with which we are acquainted; its tension is perfect; it runs easily and still; it bothers nobody; novices can manage it. None other will satisfy where it is known.

We can safely say no piece of labor-saving machinery ever grew so rapidly into universal favor as our sewing machines. Three years has placed them in the very front ranks of first class machines, and though our manufacturing facilities have been largely increased we have not been able to supply the demands during the past season. We can now fill all orders. We have added to our styles the BRIGHTSIDE BLAKE & JOHNSON ADJUSTABLE HEMMER, and can now defy the world to produce better instruments for doing all kinds of sewing and embroidery. Let every one who is interested in the great improvements in Sewing Machines, whether they wish to purchase or not, send for a descriptive circular and samples of stitch.

We must caution the public against unprincipled and perfectly irresponsible parties who have claimed to be our successors, representing that our machines were out of market, and offer a cast-away machine of ours in its place. We only sell our own machines, Taggart & Farr's Patent, and are the sole proprietors in the eight Northwestern States. Address

L. CORNELL & CO., Post Office Box 21, Chicago, Ill.

Call at 133 Lake street, (Up Stairs)

Or address JAS. BRAGGINS, Appleton, Wisconsin, at whose Agency on College Avenue, samples of Machines and Hemmer may be seen. Samples of Sewing, Circular, and Cut sent on receipt of postage-stamp. JAMES BRAGGINS, General Agent for Northern Wisconsin.

THE CELEBRATED

GROVER & BAKER'S Noiseless Family Sewing Machines.

Wm. B. Young & Co., General Agents for the North west, 115 Lake St. Chicago, Ill.

13 Newhall House, Milwaukee, Wis., J. A. French agent.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES are now preferred to all others for family use, because

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES are more simple and easily learned, and less liable to get out of order than any other.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES make the strongest seam known, and one that will not RIP OR RAVEL though every fourth stitch is cut.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES sew from two ordinary spools, and thus all trouble of winding thread is avoided, while the same machine can be adapted at pleasure by a mere change of spools to all varieties of work.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES run silk, linen thread and spool cotton, with equal facility.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES make an elastic seam which is free from all liability to break in washing, ironing or otherwise.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES make a stitch that is more beautiful than any other made, either by hand or machine.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES allow the word to pass directly over the table, so that the operator can readily see in the open press or foot exactly where every stitch is taken in the fabric and easily guide the work straight.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE is needed

in every farmer's family,
in every mechanic's family,
in every merchant's family,
in every professional man's family,

in every family where it is desirable to make sewing easy, pleasant or profitable.

These machines were formerly so high in price as to be considered beyond the reach of many families, but the recent reduction in prices brings them within the reach of all.

The following are now the prices of the leading styles:

No. 23—Plain Family Machine,	$40
No. 22—Table Drawer and Cover, Plated	60
No. 24—Plain, Long Arm, for quilting,	50
No. 25—Table drawer and cover, plated, long arm	70
Cabinet machines in mahogany and Rosewood cases and drawers, full plated, from $90 to	125
No. 7.—Shuttle machine, made heavy for manufacturing,	50

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co., are manufacturing a new and improved Shuttle Machine, (No. 7, on descriptive list,) for Tailors and Shoe Makers' use, and for all who prefer that stitch which is adapted to a greater range of fabric, from heavy leather and heavy beaver cloth to fine Marseilles and muslin, than any other Machine of that description.

Price of Hemmer.—Five Dollars for the set of five turning different widths

Send for descriptive circulars and Samples.

T. G. Reed, Resident Agent. 49oly

Chicago and North-Western Railway.

—:o:—

FOR CHICAGO DIRECT,

CONNECTING WITH ALL EASTERN ROADS!

TRAINS LEAVE OSHKOSH DAILY.

Through to Chicago Without Change of Cars!

Day Express leave Oshkosh at	9.45 A. M.
" Arrive at Minn. Junction at	12.00 Noon
" " Watertown	1.06 P. M.
" " Fort Atkinson	1.55 P. M.
" " Milton Junction	2.30 P. M.
Connects with trains on Mil. & Miss. R R for Whitewater, Madison and Prairie du Chien. Janesville	2.50 P. M.
" " Clinton Junction	3.25 P. M.
Connects with trains on Racine & Miss. R R for Beloit, Freeport, Gallena, Dunleith. Hanard Junction	4.00 P. M.
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Arrives at Chicago	6.45 P. M.

Passengers destined for points East, by this direct line, avoid the changes, delays and dangers of Lake navigation, and the fair is always

AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Ticket to all Eastern southern and Western Cities can be purchased at the Ticket office at the Depot in Oshkosh.

Express Freight trains leave daily.

E. DEWITT ROBINSON, T. F. STRONG, Ass't Sup't.
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THE GREAT SPORTING NEWSPAPER.

PORTER'S SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

26 ANN STREET.

Published every Saturday, contains the latest reliable news of the week, interesting sporting correspondence from all parts of the world, including a weekly report of the New York Cattle, Horse and produce Markets. Devoted especially to the true field sports, Aquatics, Yachting, Cricket, Base Ball, and Chess, Literature and the stage.

To yearly subscribers	$3,00
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A liberal discount to agents.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents and retain 25 per cent, for their trouble. This percentage however is not to be deducted from club rates.

A. C. DAYTON, Proprietor, 26 Ann st., N. Y.

$1. ONE DOLLAR $1.

—FOR THE—

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

The subscriber in order to place the Weekly Wisconsin within the reach of every person in the North West, will send it to any address one year on receipt of $1, post-paid.

☞ Any person sending us $10 will receive eleven copies for one year.

The Wisconsin is one of the largest family papers in the State, is independent in politics, has the fullest and most reliable telegraphic reports, and contains each week a Review of the Domestic and Foreign markets.

☞ The Daily Wisconsin is mailed every afternoon at 4 o'clock, at $6 per year, in advance: Tri-Weekly every other day at $3 per year in advance.

WM. E. CRAMER, Publisher.
Jan. 1, 1861. n43 Milwaukee.

GILT MOULDINGS.

For Picture Frames, &c. Just received, a large supply of the most elegant styles ever brought to Appleton, from five cents, to three shillings per foot. Especial attention is solicited to several *new styles*, both of Rosewood and Gilt, also to a few oval frames for Photographs &c. Frames made to order in the most workmanlike manner, at prices which cannot fail to be satisfactory. Call at SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

Real Estate.

ANSON BALLARD,

General Land and Loan Agent,

APPLETON, WIS.

—B—

LOTS IN THE CITY OF APPLETON

—A—

For Residences, Business Purposes,

OR

Water Power,

—L—

For Sale Cheap. Title undisputed; terms of payment easy, especially to those who will improve the premises purchased. Also,

—L—

One Store and Lot,

And Several Houses and Lots,

In Most Desirable Locations.

—A—

ALSO, SEVERAL IMPROVED FARMS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF APPLETON.

Also, Several Out Lots, containing from one to five acres each, some of which

Command a View of Fox River

—R—

10,000 ACRES OF CHOICE FARMING LANDS in Outagamie County, for sale at low prices and on easy terms of payment to

Actual Settlers.

—D—

TOWN OF CENTER.

Townships 22 and 23, Range 17

3,000 Acres at $2 to $4 per acre.

FREEDOM.

Township 22, Range 18.

1,000 Acres at $2.50 to $4.00 per acre.

OSBORN.

Townships 23 and 24, Range 18.

2,000 Acres at $2.50 per acre.

NEW LONDON.

Any number of lots in this village.

FARMS.

Desirable farms in every town in the County. For further particulars inquire of

Anson Ballard.

at the Bank building Appleton, April, 1860. (84

CIRCUIT COURT and JUSTICE'S Blanks at the Crescent Office.

FREDERICK PACKARD,

General Land and Loan Agent!

HAS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING

Valuable Lands and Lots:

GRAND CHUTE.

Description,	Sec.	Town.	Rng.	Acs.
West 80 acres of sw ¼	6	21	17	80.
N W ¼	29	21	17	160.
" "	"	"	"	"
Lots 1 2 3 5 Bemis' subdivision	19	21	1[illegible]	

And Much Other Land.

BUCHANAN.

Lots 1 2 3 4	29	21	18	144 06

Besides lands in Town 21 Range 19, near the river.

FREEDOM.

About 1000 acres at from $4 to $6 per acre.

CENTER

About 1000 acres at low prices and on easy terms. Among which are the following:

N W ¼	22	22	17	160.
N E ¼	19	22	17	160.

And much School and University Land as, well as Swamp Lands. From three to five dollars per acre.

BLACK CREEK.

On the new road to Shawano, and in the most promising part of the County, near BINGHAM'S MILL, and THE NEW CITY.

OVER THREE THOUSAND ACRES

Of excellent land, including much School and University Land, all of which is for sale on easy terms and at prices varying from $2 to $5 per acre.

OSBORN.

About 1200 acres at two to four dollars per acre.

N E ¼	31	23	18	160.
Lots 1 and 3 and nw ¼ ne ¼	20	20	22	18

LIBERTY.

N W ¼	5	22	15	160.
120 acres in	13	22	15	
280 "	9	22	15	

besides much School and University Land in this town and in EMBARRASS.

ALSO THE FOLLOWING:

N E ¼	30	21	15
E ½ n e ¼	22	21	16
S ½ n e ¼	27	22	16
N W ¼	6	21	15
N E ¼ s w ¼	36	22	15
S E ¼ s e ¼	20	22	16
N ½ n w ¼	23	22	16

Also innumerable lots in the city of Appleton, in each of the three Wards, some of which have

Valuable Improvements.

Also numerous lots and blocks in New London.

Inquire of **Frederick Packard.**
r8n6] Register of Deeds' Office, Appleton, Wis.

SCHOOL BOOKS!
School Books!
School Books!

All Kinds at SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE AGENCY—ÆTNA.

Capital paid up	$1,500,000
Actual Surplus	604,100 02
Assets	2,191,100 02

METROPOLITAN:

Cash Capital	$300,000
Actual Surplus	82,600
Assets	382,608

SECURITY MARINE:

The only strictly Inland Insurance Company in the City. Regular Tariff rates charged and twenty per cent of premium refunded the assured in case there is no loss in the cargo.

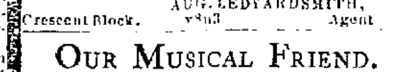
INLAND RISKS

taken in the ÆTNA, and a handsome percentage of the premium returned to the assured on the safe arrival of the cargo insured.

The above Companies are safe and solid beyond a peradventure.

AUG. LEDYARD SMITH,
Crescent Block. v8n3 Agent

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND.



The best and Cheapest Work of the kind in the World!!

Twelve full-sized pages of Vocal and Piano Forte MUSIC FOR FIFTEEN CENTS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY, AT $1,50, A YEAR.

C. B. SEYMOUR, & CO., 107 Nassau St., New York.

Leases—approved form, just printed and of sale at the CRESCENT OFFICE

W. S. Warner,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

AND

General Land and Collecting AGENT,

Will attend promptly to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, Payment of Taxes, Collection of Debts, Conveyancing, &c.

Office over his new Store on College Avenue, Appleton, Wis.

I offer the following valuable real estate, situate in Outagamie County, for sale at very low prices, to wit:

Description.	S.	T.	R.	A.
w ½ sw ¼	15	22	15	80
nw ¼	27	22	15	160
se ¼ sw ¼	8	21	15	40
se ¼ ne ¼	30	23	15	40
nw ¼ sw ¼	8	23	16	40
sw ¼ se ¼	31	23	16	40
ne ¼ nw ¼	34	23	16	40
nw ¼ ne ¼	3	24	16	56.30
nw ¼ nw ¼	3	24	16	56.61
ne ¼ sw ¼	3	24	16	40
e ½ ne ¼	6	24	16	92.26
e ½ ne ¼	13	24	16	80
nw ¼	13	24	16	160
sw ¼ se ¼	17	24	17	40
n ½ ne ¼	21	24	17	80
sw ¼ ne ¼	21	24	17	40
se ¼ sw ¼	21	24	17	40
nw ¼ sw ¼	33	21	17	40
one mile from the city 6 ac's cleared & fenced				
pt of Kelly farm	6	21	18	20.50
4 miles from the city, 7 ac's cleared & fenced				
ne ¼	35	22	18	160
w ½ se ¼	37	24	18	80
s ½ lot 1	17	21	19	21.12
lot 2	8	21	19	3[illegible]

CITY OF APPLETON—1st Ward.

lot 12 block 2 [illegible] lot 17 block 7 [illegible]

2d Ward.

lot 13 block 3, a good business point, with a two story store 23x30 feet, Odd Fellows' Hall above.

21 feet on lot 3 block 4, in the center of business, a first rate store 22x60 feet, cellar under the whole, with offices above. This for sale or to let.

lot 10 and part of lots 4 & 5 block 11, in the best part of the city, a first class dwelling, [illegible] good barn, woodshed, well, cellar, [illegible] &c.

30 feet on lot 6 block 27, a business lot with shop, dwelling &c.

3d ward.

lot 1 block 6 with a good dwelling for sale or [illegible].

[illegible]

lot 8 block 33 with dwelling;

lots 10, 11 & 12 block 32, and 16 other lots in 3rd ward.

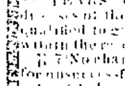
Also 10 acres of land, 20 acres cleared, [illegible] from the depot, and [illegible] from depot.

[illegible]

All of the above property will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers [illegible] within the present year.

A Stock of Goods

would be received in exchange for a portion of said property. W. S. WARNER.
Appleton, Wis., May 27, 1861. 9-ly



EYE AND EAR.

DR. F. A. CADWELL,

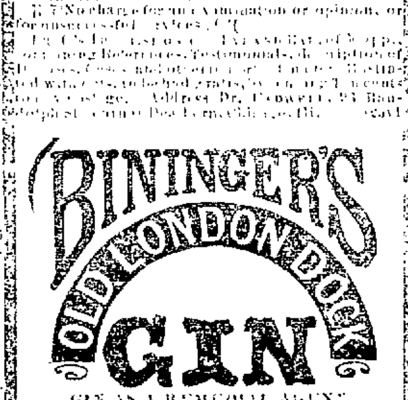
OPERATOR ON THE EYE AND EAR

For Deafness, Blindness, and all Defects of Sight and Hearing.

[illegible] with TWENTY YEARS' experience [illegible] diseases of the EYE AND EAR, will [illegible] and fully qualified to give [illegible] a cure in any [illegible] within the reach of human skill.

☞ No charge for an examination or opinion, or for unsuccessful [illegible].

[illegible] Address Dr. Cadwell, [illegible]



GIN AS A REMEDIAL AGENT,

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,

ESPECIALLY DESIGNED for the use of [illegible] "Cordial," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the prominent physicians [illegible] bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO.
(Established in 17[illegible]) Sole Proprietors,
No. 1[illegible], Broad street, N. Y.

For sale by R. S. Barnes, & Co., No. 13 Park Row, New York.

[illegible]

For sale by [illegible] and at wholesale by J. W. Hoyt, Milwaukee.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS!
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE!
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE!

BELLINGHAM'S

CELEBRATED

STIMULATING ONGUENT, For the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article

THE STIMULATING ONGUENT

Is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of

Whiskers or a Mustache,

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic on the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp it will cure baldness, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or towy hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth and flexible. The "Onguent" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a Box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "Onguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, $1.18. Apply to or address HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO., 46my1 Druggists, &c., 24 William Street, New York.

Manhood, How Lost, How Restored.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

On the nature, treatment, and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness, and involuntary emissions, inducing impotency, and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,

Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

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WALL PAPER. Fresh and beautiful Fall Styles. *Very Cheap*, at SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

Prof. L. MILLER's HAIR INVIGORATOR.

An Effective, safe and Economical Compound,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color, without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections of the scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convinces the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases, causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a fresh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen of New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning gray until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to its original hue, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in dressing the hair, which, when moist with the Invigorator, can be put up in any desired form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a STANDARD TOILET ARTICLE which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists' and perfumers everywhere.

PROF. MILLER would call the attention of parents and guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the children's hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a good head of hair, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile of LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y., blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St. and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world. Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity. I also desire to present to the public, my

New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE.

Which, after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes black or brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, and it is warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price only fifty cents.

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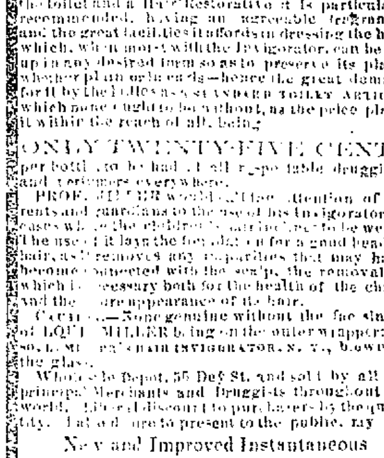

[illegible] Iron [illegible] Oxygen and Carbon by Combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical authorities both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

[illegible]

IN DEBILITY, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, EMACIATION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, SALT RHEUM, MISMENSTRUATION, WHITES, CHLOROSIS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CHRONIC HEADACHES, RHEUMATISM, INTERMITTENT FEVERS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, &c.

[illegible]

In DYSPEPSIA [illegible] including the attendant *Costiveness*.

In cases of DIARRHEA, even when advanced to DYSENTERY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, this medicated Iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this *remedy and restorative*, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by Druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B. LOCKE & Co., General Agents, 339 BROADWAY, N. Y.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S

Vegetable Life Pills and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The high and envied celebrity which these preeminent medicines have acquired for their invaluable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing not only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. In all cases of Asthma, Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys.

BILIOUS FEVERS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

In the South and West, where these diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Planters, farmers and others, who once use them, will never afterwards be without them.

BILLIOUS COLIC, SEROUS, LOOSENESS, PILES, COSTIVENESS, COLDS AND COUGHS, CHOLIC, CORRUPT HUMORS.

DYSPEPSIA.—No person with this distressing disease, should delay using these medicines a moment.

FEVER AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy.

GENERAL DEBILITY, GOUT, GIDDINESS, Headaches of every kind, Inward Fever, Impure [illegible], Jaundice, Loss of Appetite.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Never fails to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, COMPLAINTS OF ALL KINDS, ORGANIC TROUBLES.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of piles of 35 years' standing, by the use of these Life medicines alone.

Pains in the Head, Side, Back, Joints, and Organs.

RHEUMATISM.—Those affected with this terrible disease, will be sure of relief by the Life Medicines.

Rush of Blood to the head, Scurvy, Salt Rheum, Swellings.

SCROFULA in its worst forms, Ulcers of every description.

WORMS of all kinds are effectually expelled by these medicines. Parents will do well to administer them whenever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain.

The Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters

Purify the blood and thus remove all disease from the system. Prepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,

335 Broadway, corner of Anthony Street, New York. For sale by all Druggists. v8n16y

Legal.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

U. S. District Court for the District of Wisconsin.

Frank K. Tenney, John B. Arthur, Henry E. [illegible] and Freeman P. Woodbury, vs. G. N. [illegible]

By virtue of a pluries writ of fieri facias, issued out of and under the seal of the District Court of the United States for the District of Wisconsin, in the above entitled cause, tested on the twenty [illegible] of April, 1861, to me directed, commanding [illegible] goods and chattels, lands and tenements [illegible] named defendant to cause to be made [illegible] of money therein specified, I have levied [illegible] shall sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on Monday, the fifteenth day of July, 1861, at [illegible] p. m., at the Marshal's Office, in the city of Milwaukee, in said District, all the right, title and interest which the above named defendant had on the [illegible] day of October, 1860, or has since acquired, in and to the following described property, to wit: [illegible] piece or parcel of land known and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a post [illegible] feet from the water's edge in the Improvement [illegible] Canal, which stands north, 51° [illegible] chains 25 links from where the east and west [illegible] between sections 2 and 11 intersects, the [illegible] fifteen (15) chains (21) links west of the [illegible] thence running north 34° 30', east two (2) chains [illegible] links, thence south 55° 30', east twenty [illegible] thence south 34° 30', west two (2) chains [illegible] thence north 55° 30', west twenty (20) chains to [illegible] of beginning. Also the strip of land lying between said tract and said Canal containing in all [illegible] and one fourth acre more or less, reserving the [illegible] [illegible] street of the first twenty (20) feet [illegible] the water's edge in the said Canal, [illegible] street is extended along the line of said Canal [illegible] [illegible] reserving the right also to excavate and maintain a tail race across said land about one hundred feet from said canal, of sufficient width, and depth to furnish an easy and free flow of all the water which may at any time be taken out of said canal [illegible] river, above said land, for manufacturing purposes, which may be made and enlarged at such time or times as may be deemed necessary by the party of the first part, his heirs, executors, or assigns. Also reserving the right of a street sixty feet in width along the line of said race, provided the same is extended westerly to the section line. Also reserving the right for a street sixty feet wide at or near the south end of said land, said land lying in section twenty-five (25) and 26, range twenty-one (21), north of range seventeen (17) east, in the county of Outagamie, Wisconsin, and the party of the first part [illegible] parties of the second part the right to maintain a tail race where now constructed [illegible] to the river, of sufficient width [illegible] to furnish an easy flow of all the water used for manufacturing purposes upon said land which may be enlarged at such time or times as may be [illegible] the land hereby conveyed [illegible] situated as per diagram of [illegible] by [illegible] attached hereunto."

D. C. JACKSON, U. S. Marshal.

Marshal's Office, Milwaukee, May 23d, 1861.
Butler & [illegible], Plaintiff's attorneys. 9-6w

State of Wisconsin.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.

William S. Warner, Plaintiff, Ag't } Summons for relief. No personal claim made against any of the defendants.

Franz Werner, F. B. Webster, C. Cothar[illegible], Zilla Lane, Roswell Chaplin, Fears, Smith & Co., Sophia Perry, Luther Collar, John C. Hoxie, Josiah Lutsey, H. E. Eastman, J. H. Weed, Jacob Weed, C. W. Monroe, F. B. Webster, G. W. Washburn, Jane Ann Martin, Arthur McKafer, D. J. Howe, S. H. A. Haynes, Charlotte Harteau, Anson Ballard, P. J. Williamson, James Porter, George H. Marston, Lucretia P. Marston, Joseph H. Marston, Morgan L. Marston, R. R. Bowen, Theodore Conkey, Amon H. Crocker, and the unknown owners of the following described real estate, situated in said County, to wit: NW ¼ of SW ¼ Sec. 15, T. 22, R. 15—40 acres; SW ¼ of SW ¼ Sec. 15, T. 22, R. 15—40 acre; NW ¼ Sec. 27, T. 22, R. 15—160 acres; NW ¼ of NW ¼ Sec. 3, T. 21, R. 16—56 61 acres; NE ¼ of NE ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16—40 acres; SE ¼ of NE ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16—40 acres; N ½ acres of NE ¼ of NW ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16; NW ¼ of NW ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16—40 acres; SW ¼ of NW ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16—40 acres, [illegible] of NW ¼ Sec. 13, T. 24, R. 16—40 acres; S[illegible] of N[illegible] Sec. 6, T. 24, R. 17—40 acres; NE ¼ of SE [illegible] Sec. 6, T. 21, R. 17—52 26 acres; Undivided [illegible] of Lot 12 Block 3 Village of Springville; Lot 17 Block 7, Lot 2 Block 11, and Lot 15 Block 14 Lawsburg Plat; W 30 feet of Lot 6 Block 27 Appleton Plat; and Lot 12 Block 5 Grand Chute Plat, Defendants.

To the above named defendants and each of them:

In the name of the State of Wisconsin, you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Outagamie County, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on me at my office in the city of Appleton, Wisconsin, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the Complaint. Witness [illegible] E. R. Cotton, Judge of the Tenth Judicial [illegible] of the State of Wisconsin, at Appleton, and the seal of said Court this 9th day of May, 1861.

W. S. WARNER, Plaintiff's [illegible], Appleton, W[illegible]

{L. S.} Attest: C. A. HAMER, Clerk. 7w6

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

John C. Phelps, Hannibal D. Ormsbee and [illegible] Jordan, vs. Theodore Conkey and F[illegible] IN EQUITY.

In pursuance and by virtue of a Decree [illegible] District Court of the United States, for the District of Wisconsin, on the fourth day of October, [illegible] the above entitled cause, I shall [illegible] at the Post Office in the city of [illegible] in said District, on Monday, the [illegible] day of August 1861, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described property, or so much [illegible] may be necessary to satisfy said [illegible]: All the [illegible] in tract or parcel of land situate [illegible] city of Appleton, State of Wisconsin, [illegible] and described as commencing at the North-East corner of Block five (5), thence West along College Avenue forty-three (43) feet, thence South eighty (80) feet, thence East forty three (43) feet [illegible] thence North along Oneida street eighty (80) feet to the place of beginning. Marshal's Office, Milwaukee, Wis., May 6th, 1861.

DARIUS C. JACKSON, U. S. Marshal.
Cary & Pratt, Compl't's Sol'trs. 3[illegible]

SHERIFF SALE.

State of Wisconsin, Outagamie county circuit court. John [illegible] Ruddee, [illegible] Harriett A. Letcher [illegible] W. Letcher, Defendants.

Foreclosure and Sale.

By virtue and pursuant to a Judgement of Foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled cause at [illegible] of the Circuit Court within and for the tenth judicial circuit court, holden at the court house in the city of Green Bay, in Brown county, on the [illegible] of January, a. d. 1861, I shall, to raise the amount of said judgment, together with interest, costs and expenses of sale, expose for sale and sell by auction to the highest and best bidder at the [illegible] in the city of Appleton, Outagamie [illegible] state of Wisconsin, on Saturday, the [illegible] of June, a. d. 1861, at 11 o'clock a. m. of said day the following described premises, to wit: North East [illegible] of the north west quarter of section No. twenty one (21), township No. twenty two (22), north of range [illegible] seventeen (17) east, containing forty acres of land more or less, county of Outagamie, and State of Wisconsin. Dated Sheriff's Office city of Appleton, March 7th, a. d. 1861. G. R. WOOD, Sheriff.
J. [illegible] Hamilton, Pl'ffs Atty. 47n14

SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of a warrant issued by the County Treasurer of Outagamie county, to me directed and delivered for the collection of the unpaid taxes of 1859 and 1860 on personal property whereby I am commanded to collect from Elisha Morrow the sum [illegible] dollars for the taxes of 1859, I have levied on lots 18 and [illegible] block [illegible] in the recorded plat of the village of Appleton in Outagamie county, Wis. and shall sell the same at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Sheriff's office in the city of Appleton, on Saturday, the 22d day of June, a. d. 1861, at 2 o'clock p. m. Dated Sheriff's Office, city of Appleton March 28th, a. d. 1861. G. R. WOOD,
3w6 Sheriff Out. Co., Wis.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward.

To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward, lying or abutting on the east [illegible] street, from the intersection of the south side of Menasha street to the north side of [illegible] street inclusive: You are hereby required to show cause in writing, if any you have, at the city clerk's office on Monday, the 17th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the west side of said street. THO'S HANNA, Appleton, May 29, 1861. 6w3 Street Comm'r.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward.

To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward of the city of Appleton, lying or abutting on the north side of Spain street, from the intersection of the west side of Rankin street to the east side of Meade street, inclusive: You are hereby notified and required to show cause in writing (if any you have), at the city clerk's office, on Monday, the 17th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the north side of said street. THOMAS HANNA.
Appleton, May 30th, 1861. 6w2 Street Comm'r.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE—First Ward.

To the owners or occupants of the lots or parcels of land in the First Ward of the city of Appleton, lying or abutting on the north side of Spain street, from the west side of Meade street to the intersection of the east side of Lawe street, inclusive: You are hereby notified and required to show cause in writing (if any you have), at the city clerk's office, on Monday, the 17th day of June next, at 2 o'clock p. m., why a sidewalk should not be built along the [illegible] side of said street. THOMAS HANNA.
Appleton, May 30, 1861. 6w3 Street Comm'r.

Notice to Assessors.

The Assessors of the several towns of Outagamie County are hereby notified that the Assessors' Blanks necessary to comply with Chapter 196, session laws, have been received, and may be had on application at my office. THOMAS McGILLAN,
May 25, '61.—5w3 Clk B'd Supervisors.

RARE CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN!

A valuable, well-watered, heavy-timbered farm in the town of Centre, six miles from the city. This land is one of the best tracts in the county, has a beautiful spring on it, and can be purchased very cheap. For further particulars call on
n4tf P. SHEEL.
At his Shoe Store, in Appleton.

Webster's Pictorial Dictionary THE POST OFFICE.